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230.0 A-SMA-1.1: SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d)

230.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with A001, A-SMA-1.1: Sites 39-004(a) and 39-004(d).

SWMU 39-004(a) is a firing site (structure 39-7) at TA-39. This Site was constructed in 1953 as a remote test firing facility to test materials. The experiments conducted at this firing site are designed to expend all the HE contained in the device. If a shot fails so not all the HE is spent, an effort is made to pick up and destroy the unexploded HE. A typical shot carries 10 to 100 lb of explosives, but on occasion up to 1000 lb may be used. Signs of impact are generally noticeable only within a 200-ft radius around the firing pad. This firing site is within the fall zone of a high cliff that erodes when explosives experiments are conducted at the Site. The Site is currently on standby status (i.e., it is not currently being used, but is maintained to allow future use). SWMU 39-004(d), another remote test firing facility, is located near SWMU 39-004(a) and is currently active. Both 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) are located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon. The firing pads are located in the canyon bottom between a diverted ephemeral stream and the canyon wall. For the purposes of evaluating the area, SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) were sampled as one Site during the 1995 RFI and 2009 Consent Order investigations.

SWMU 39-004(d) is a firing site (structure 39-57) located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon and situated in the bottom of the canyon between a diverted ephemeral stream and the canyon wall. The firing site was constructed in 1953 and is used for explosives experiments. SWMU 39-004(a), another remote test firing facility, is located near SWMU 39-004(d) and is currently inactive. Both SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) are located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon. For the purposes of evaluating the area, SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) were sampled as one Site during the 1995 RFI and 2009 Consent Order investigations.

Investigations of SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) were deferred per Table IV-2 of the Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Sites. RFI and Consent Order samples were collected around and downgradient of the Sites to determine the potential contaminants being released at the Sites and whether these contaminants are migrating off-site. The approved Investigation Report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded the extent of detected inorganic, organic, and radionuclide contaminants is defined in drainages downgradient of the Sites and the drainages meet recreational and residential risk levels; therefore, no immediate corrective action is required until firing site activities cease. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing sites are no longer active.

The project map (Figure 230-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

230.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 230-1).

Table 230-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00102040006	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00103010005	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

230.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at A-SMA-1.1. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

230.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG267.4 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-1.1 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 230-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47469	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-48182	7-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50214	9-9-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50618	9-28-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51251	11-4-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-1.1 in 2015.

230.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with A-SMA-1.1 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 230-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 39-004(a)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 10-31-2011.
SWMU 39-004(d)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 10-31-2011.

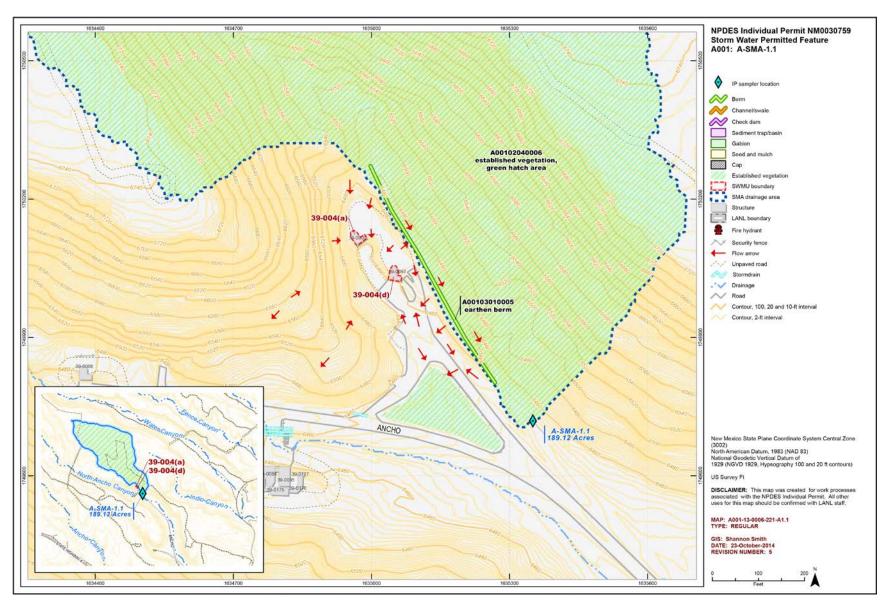


Figure 230-1 A-SMA-1.1 location map

231.0 A-SMA-2: SWMUs 39-004(b) and 39-004(e)

231.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with A002, A-SMA-2: Sites 39-004(b) and 39-004(e).

SWMU 39-004(b) is a firing site (structure 39-8) located at TA-39. The SWMU 39-004(b) firing site is located in the western tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon. The firing pad is located in the canyon bottom between an ephemeral stream and the northern canyon wall. This Site had been used to test materials from the time TA-39 was established as a remote test firing facility in 1953. The experiments conducted at this firing site were designed to expend all HE in the device. Signs of impact are generally noticeable only within a 200-ft radius around the firing pad. Activities at this Site were discontinued in 1980 because of the constant hazard of falling debris from the nearby cliff.

The completion of Consent Order investigations at SWMU 39-004(b) is deferred because the Site is within the area affected by operations at other active firing sites; however, Consent Order samples were collected from the extended drainages downgradient of the firing site to assess the potential for off-site migration. The approved Investigation Report for North Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded that all inorganic and radionuclide COPCs from this Site are at or below BVs in the drainage downstream of the Sites and meet residential risk levels; therefore, no corrective action is required until firing site activities cease.

SWMU 39-004(e) is a firing site located (structure 39-88) at TA-39. This Site has been in use since it was constructed in 1978 as a remote test firing facility to test materials. The experiments conducted at this firing site are designed to expend all HE in the device. Signs of impact are generally noticeable only within a 200-ft radius around the firing pad. The SWMU 39-004(e) firing site is located in the western tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon on the same tributary as SWMU 39-004(b). This SWMU is within the deposition area of SWMUs 39-004(a,b,d).

The completion of Consent Order investigations at SWMU 39-004(e) is deferred because the Site is within the area affected by operations at other active firing sites; however, Consent Order samples were collected from the extended drainages downgradient of the firing site to assess the potential for off-site migration. The approved Investigation Report for North Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded that all inorganic and radionuclide COPCs from this Site are at or below BVs in the drainage downstream of the Sites and meet residential risk levels; therefore, no corrective action is required until firing site activities cease.

The project map (Figure 231-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

231.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 231-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 10, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 17, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 231-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00202040017	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00203010041	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
A00203010042	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
A00203010043	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
A00203020051	Base Course Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
A00203150047	Redi-Rock Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
A00204040044	Culvert	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00204040046	Culvert	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00204040049	Culvert	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00204050053	Water Bar	-	Х	Х	-	EC
A00204060004	Riprap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
A00204080045	TRM-Lined Swale	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00204080048	TRM-Lined Swale	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00204080052	TRM-Lined Swale	-	Х	Х	-	EC
A00205020050	Sediment Basin	Х	-	-	Х	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

231.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 39-004(b) and 39-004(e) are monitored within A-SMA-2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 12, 2013 (Figures 231-2 and 231-3). In Figure 231-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Aluminum concentration of 1310 μg/L (MTAL is 750 μg/L),
- Copper concentration of 23.9 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L), and
- Gross-alpha activity of 23.7 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 39-004(b):

• Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Aluminum was not detected or detected above soil or sediment BVs in any of the 55 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 2009 Consent Order and 1995 RFI samples collected at the Site.

- Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 39-004(b). Copper was detected above BVs in 13 of 31 shallow soil and sediment samples collected during the 1995 RFI conducted at the firing site at a maximum concentration 87.8 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides (uranium) are known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at SWMU 39-004(b). Consent Order and RFI samples were not analyzed for
 gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium, which contains alpha-emitting
 isotopes, and were analyzed for isotopic plutonium, thorium, and uranium, which are also alpha
 emitters. Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation
 under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 39-004(e):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Aluminum was not detected or detected above soil or sediment BVs in any of the 63 shallow 2009 Consent Order and 1995 RFI samples collected at the Site.
- Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at SWMU 39-004(e). Copper was detected above BVs in 14 of 39 shallow soil and sediment samples collected during the 1995 RFI conducted at the firing site at a maximum concentration 563 times the soil BV. Copper was detected above BVs in 2 of 6 shallow soil and sediment Consent Order samples collected at three locations in the drainage adjacent to the firing site at a maximum concentration 4 times the soil BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides (uranium) are known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at SWMU 39-004(b). Consent Order and RFI samples were not analyzed for
 gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for total uranium, which contains alpha-emitting
 isotopes, and were analyzed for isotopic plutonium, thorium, and uranium, which are also alpha
 emitters. Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation
 under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 231-2 and 231-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 231-2 and 231-3.

Monitoring location A-SMA-2 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including aluminum and copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Aluminum—The aluminum UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 245 μ g/L; the aluminum UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L. The aluminum result from 2013 is between these two values.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2013 is between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than both of these values.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

231.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG267.4 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-2 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 231-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47470	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-48183	7-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50215	9-9-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50619	9-28-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51252	11-4-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-2 in 2015.

231.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with A-SMA-2 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 231-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 39-004(b)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, July 23, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 39-004(e)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, July 23, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

VOLUME 5: ANCHO/CHAQUEHUI WATERSHED

Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016



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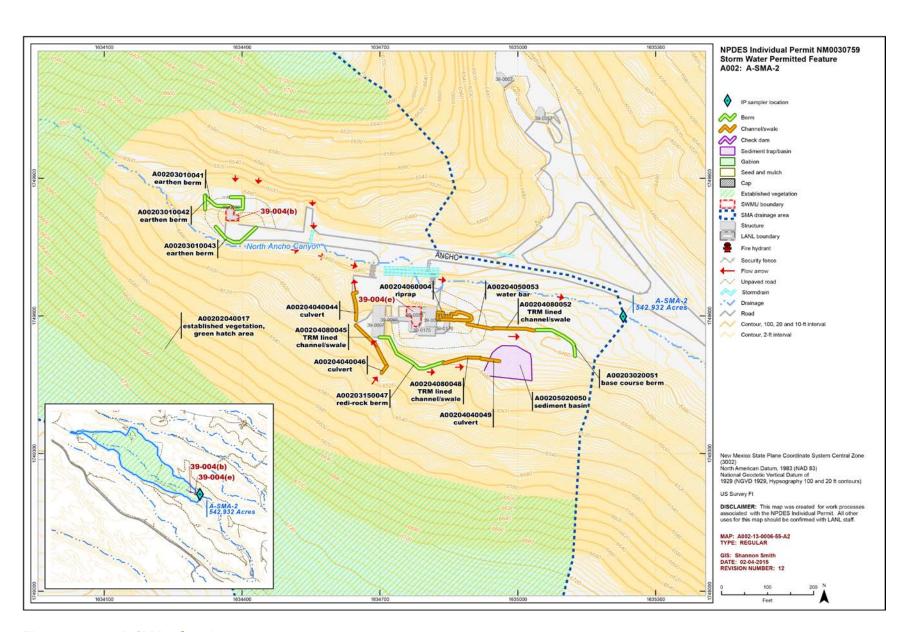
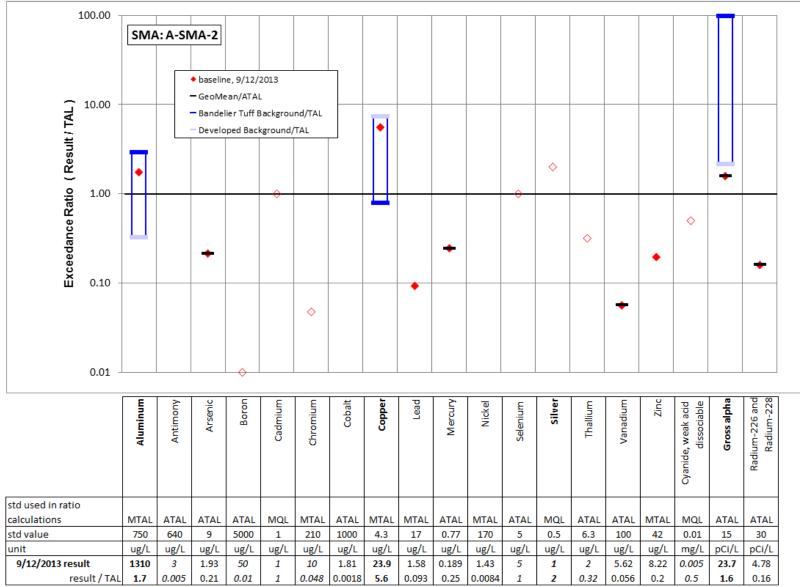
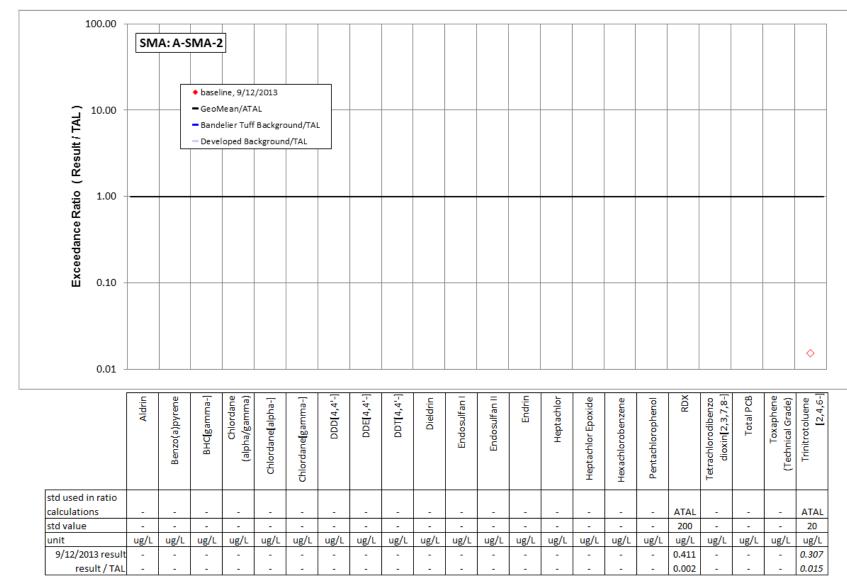


Figure 231-1 A-SMA-2 location map



Inorganic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-2 **Figure 231-2**



Organic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-2 **Figure 231-3**

232.0 A-SMA-2.5: SWMU 39-010

232.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with A003, A-SMA-2.5: Site 39-010.

SWMU 39-010 is an area that was used for staging soil excavated during the 1978 construction of a firing site [SWMU 39-004(e)]. During construction of the firing site, large quantities of soil were removed and deposited in the canyon east of the firing site, forming SWMU 39-010. This soil dump, covering approximately 76,200 ft², was not identified in the 1990 SWMU report. However, it was noted in both the 1993 RFI work plan and in a 2001 letter notification to NMED designating a new SWMU.

Phase I Consent Order sampling is complete for SWMU 39-010. All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations and radionuclide activities from Consent Order samples were below residential SSLs and SALs, except for two detections of uranium-238. SWMU 39-010 will be recommended for corrective action complete in the supplemental investigation report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, to be submitted to NMED in 2017. SWMU 39-010 will be eligible for a COC upon approval of the report by NMED.

The project map (Figure 232-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

232.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 232-1).

Table 232-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00302040007	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00303010003	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00303060008	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В
A00303060009	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

232.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at A-SMA-2.5. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

232.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG265 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-2.5 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 232-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47465	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49005	8-6-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49734	8-25-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50210	9-9-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51253	11-4-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-2.5 in 2015.

232.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with A-SMA-2.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 232-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 39-010	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 4-30-2012.

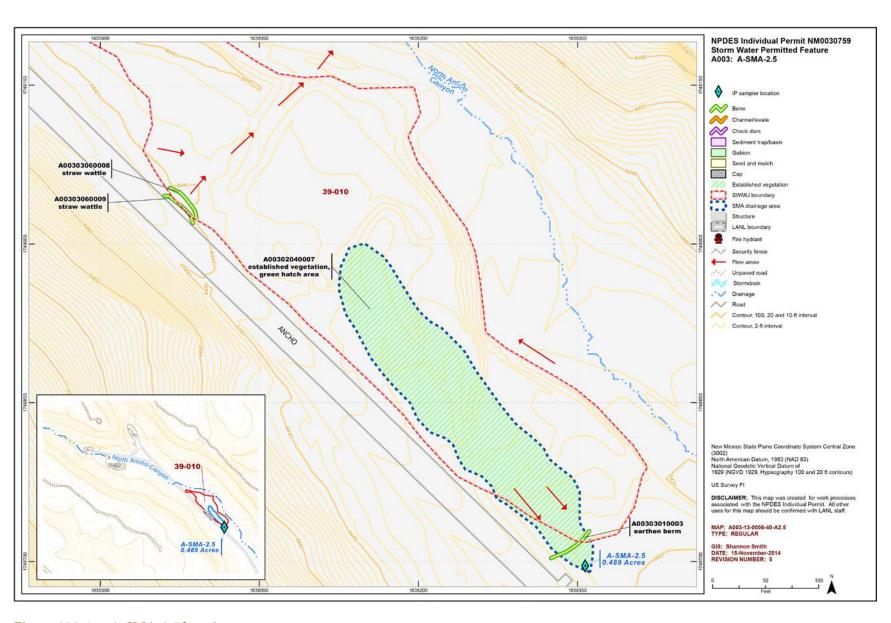


Figure 232-1 A-SMA-2.5 location map

233.0 A-SMA-2.7: AOC 39-002(c) and SWMU 39-008

233.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with PF A004, A-SMA-2.7: Sites 39-002(c) and 39-008.

AOC 39-002(c) is the location of a former outdoor SAA on an asphalt-paved area next to the southwest corner of the gas-gun support structure (39-0056). Waste paper; solvent-contaminated rags (ethanol, acetone, and trichloroethane); and vacuum grease were stored at this SAA. It is not known if this area was used for storage before being placed in service as an SAA. This SAA was removed from service in February 1994.

The Consent Order investigation of AOC 39-002(c) is complete. The approved Investigation Report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded the nature and extent for all detected inorganic and organic contaminants are defined at AOC 39-002(c); no radiological COPCs were detected at the Site. The Site meets residential risk levels; therefore, no further investigation or corrective action is required. NMED issued a COC without controls for AOC 39-002(c) in April 2010.

SWMU 39-008 is an area of potential soil contamination from an active gas-gun firing site. Building 39-0137 houses a single-stage gas gun that is used to fire DU projectiles at targets on a cliff face. Testing at this Site was conducted from 1960 to 1975, suspended for 13 yr, and then resumed in 1988. Most of the debris from Site activities is scattered over the area just west of building 39-0137, but occasionally projectiles and target fragments hit the cliff face, which is located approximately 200 ft west of another building associated with this experimental gun (building 39-0056). SWMU 39-008 is impacted by continuing Site operations; therefore, further investigation of the Site under the Consent Order is delayed until operations at the Site cease.

RFI and Consent Order samples were collected at the Site to determine the potential contaminants being released at the Site and whether these contaminants are migrating off the Site. The approved Investigation Report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded that all detected inorganic and radionuclide contaminants from this Site are at or below BVs and/or FVs, and organic COPCs were detected at or below the EQLs in the drainage downstream of the Site and that contaminants are not migrating off-site; therefore, no immediate corrective action is required.

The project map (Figure 233-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

233.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in Table 233-1, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 233-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 23, 2012, and submitted to EPA on September 20, 2012, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 233-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00402040017	Established Vegetation	-	X	X	-	В
A00403010013	Earthen Berm	-	Χ	-	Χ	EC
A00403010014	Earthen Berm	-	Χ	-	Х	EC
A00403010015	Earthen Berm	-	X	-	Х	EC
A00403010016	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

233.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 39-002(c) and SWMU 39-008 are monitored within A-SMA-2.7. Following the installation of baseline control measures, baseline confirmation samples were collected on July 24, 2011, and September 4, 2011 (Figures 233-2 and 233-3). In Figure 233-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Inorganic analytical results from these samples yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentrations of 5.4 μg/L and 6.2 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L) and
- Gross-alpha activities of 25.4 pCi/L and 31.8 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L)

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at A-SMA-2.7, a corrective action storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figures 233-2 and 233-3). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded the following TAL exceedance:

Gross-alpha activity of 175 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

AOC 39-002(c):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at AOC 39-002(c). Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because alpha-emitting radionuclides are not
known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.

SWMU 39-008:

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically
managed at SWMU 39-008. RFI and Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha
radioactivity but were analyzed for americium-241, plutonium, thorium, and uranium isotopes,
which are alpha-emitting radionuclides, and total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes.
Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the
CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 233-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 233-2.

Most of the A-SMA-2.7 drainage area is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff background UTL was compared with gross-alpha storm water exceedances.

 Gross alpha—The gross alpha is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals in Bandelier Tuff. The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L; the results from 2011 confirmation samples are below this value. The gross-alpha geometric mean of 28.4 pCi/L is approximately 50 times lower than the background storm water UTL.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2013 Annual Reports.

233.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG265 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-2.7 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized in Table 233-2.

Table 233-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47466	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49006	8-6-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49735	8-25-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50211	9-9-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51254	11-4-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-2.7 in 2015.

233.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with A-SMA-2.7 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 233-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
AOC 39-002(c)	Corrective Action Complete	Corrective Action Complete	LANL, August 21, 2013, "Resubmittal of Completion of Corrective Action for Twelve Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 39-008	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 23, 2012, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas."

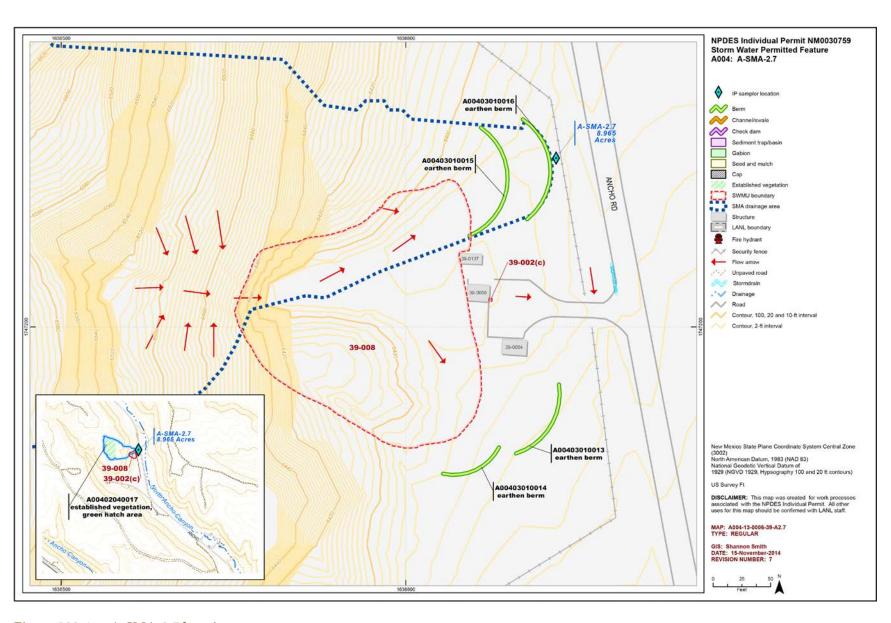


Figure 233-1 A-SMA-2.7 location map

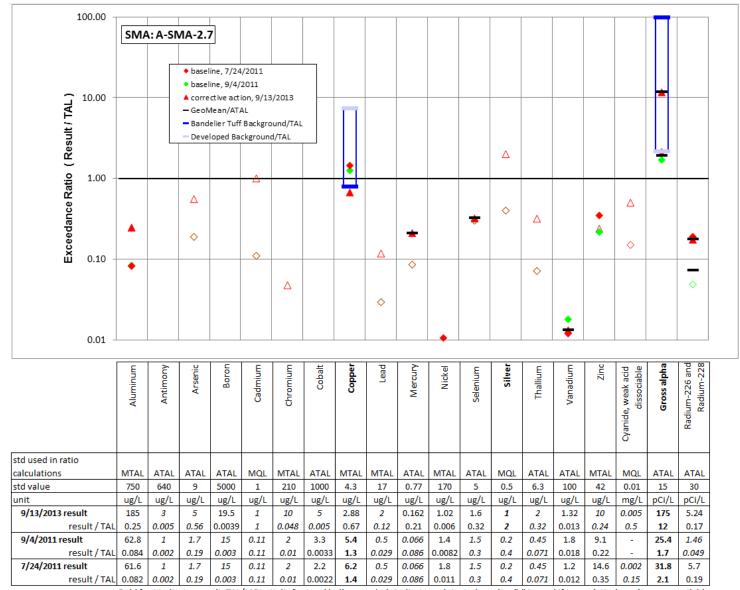


Figure 233-2 Inorganic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-2.7

Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016

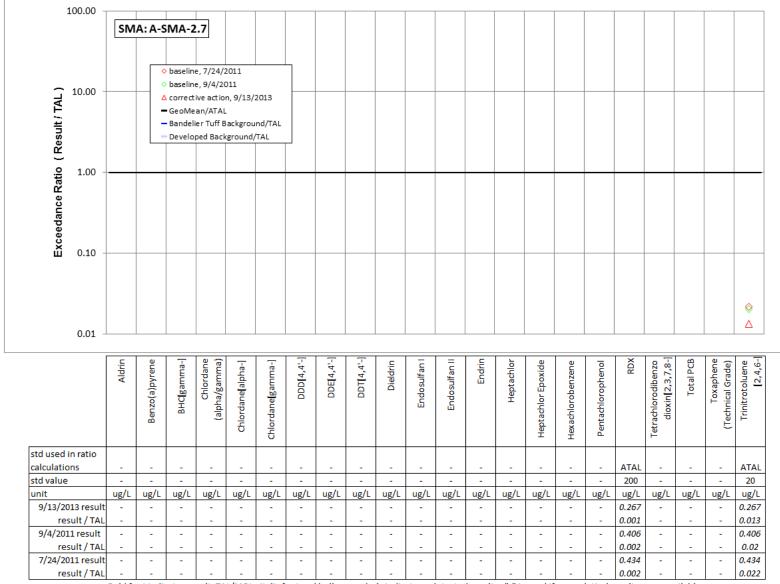


Figure 233-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-2.7

234.0 A-SMA-2.8: SWMU 39-001(b)

234.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with A005, A-SMA-2.8: Site 39-001(b).

SWMU 39-001(b), also known as MDA Y, consists of three former disposal trenches used to dispose of debris from firing site SWMU 39-008 as well as empty chemical containers and office waste. During the 2009 Consent Order investigation, all wastes at SWMU 39-001(b) were excavated, removed, and disposed of off-site. The final excavation of SWMU 39-001(b) at its maximum dimensions measured $349 \times 98 \times 16$ ft deep, with an average depth of 8.1 ft. SWMU 39-001(b) was backfilled with overburden material and clean fill after confirmatory sampling results determined that concentrations of COPCs at the base and walls of the excavation were below industrial SSLs and SALs.

Consent Order investigation and remediation are complete for SWMU 39-001(b); the Site meets residential risk levels. NMED issued a COC without controls for the Site in April 2010.

The project map (Figure 234-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

234.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 234-1).

Table 234-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control		Control		
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00501010004	Seed and Wood Mulch	-	-	Х	-	В
A00503010002	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00508020005	Rock Cap	-	Х	Х	-	В

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.



234.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at A-SMA-2.8. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

234.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG265 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-2.8 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 234-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47467	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49007	8-6-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49736	8-25-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50212	9-9-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51255	11-4-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-2.8 in 2015.

234.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with A-SMA-2.8 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 234-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 39-001(b)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated April 30, 2012.

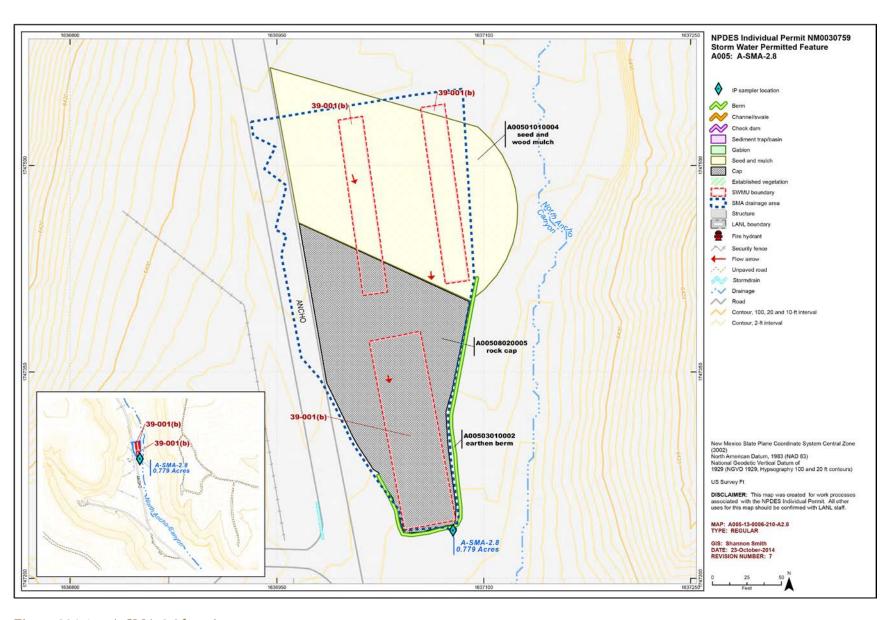


Figure 234-1 A-SMA-2.8 location map

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235.0 A-SMA-3: AOC 39-002(b) and SWMU 39-004(c)

235.1 Site Descriptions

Two historical industrial activity areas are associated with A006, A-SMA-3: Sites 39-002(b) and 39-004(c).

AOC 39-002(b) is an active SAA located on a $5-\times 5$ -ft concrete pad next to a firing site support building (structure 39-06) and an active firing site [SWMU 39-004(c)]. AOC 39-002(b) was also used for storage before it became an SAA. AOC 39-002(b) was used to store small quantities of paper contaminated with waste solvents (ethanol, acetone, trichloroethane, copper sulfate); transformer oil; vacuum grease; and Polaroid photographic wastes. There is no evidence, visible or documentary, of spills or leaks at this Site. However, this AOC is within the blast radius of a firing site.

No Consent Order or other investigations have been conducted at AOC 39-002(b).

SWMU 39-004(c) is an active firing site and active operating RCRA OD Site (structure 39-06) subject to RCRA closure requirements. The Site is located in the southernmost western tributary of Ancho Canyon in the canyon bottom between an ephemeral stream and steep hill slopes to both the north and south. The Site is used for explosives experiments and for treating reactive hazardous waste by OD. The experiments conducted at this firing site are designed to expend all HE in the device. Use of this Site as a test firing site began when TA-39 was established in 1953. Materials used in significant quantities at the TA-39 firing sites over the years include beryllium, mercury, natural and DU, lead, aluminum, copper, brass, iron, stainless steel, and various types of HE. Other materials used at TA-39 firing sites include thallium, cadmium, chromium, and thorium (the latter was naturally occurring thorium-232). In addition, firing assemblies were covered with dielectric oil (about 100 gal. per shot), much of which ended up in the soil of the firing pad. This oil may have contained PCBs.

The completion of Consent Order investigations at SWMU 39-004(c) is deferred because the Site is an active firing site. However, 2009 Consent Order samples were collected from the extended drainages downgradient of the firing site to assess the potential for off-site migration. The approved investigation report for North Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded that all inorganic and radionuclide COPCs from this Site are at or below BVs in the drainage downstream of the Sites and meet residential risk levels; therefore, no corrective action is required until firing site activities cease.

The project map (Figure 235-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

235.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 235-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on September 4, 2015, and submitted to EPA on September 10, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 235-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00602040018	Established Vegetation	Х	-	Х	-	В
A00603020023	Base Course Berm	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00603120017	Rock Berm	-	Х	-	Х	В
A00603140026	Coir Log	Х	-	-	Х	EC
A00603150027	Redi-Rock Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
A00604010022	Earthen Channel/Swale	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00604030025	Rock Channel/Swale	-	Х	Х	-	EC
A00604060024	Riprap	Х	-	Х	-	EC
A00606010010	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
A00606010011	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
A00606010014	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	В
A00606010019	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	В
A00606010028	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	EC
A00608020029	Rock Cap	-	-	-	-	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

235.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 39-002(b) and SWMU 39-004(c) are monitored within A-SMA-3. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 25, 2013 (Figures 235-2 and 235-3). In Figure 235-2, silver is reported as a nondetectable result equal to or greater than the TAL. This value is reported at the PQL; however, the MDL for this analyte is below the TAL. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Aluminum concentration of 997 μg/L (MTAL is 750 μg/L),
- Copper concentration of 245 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L),
- Mercury concentration of 9.04 μg/L (ATAL is 0.77 μg/L),
- Selenium concentration of 12.1 μg/L (ATAL is 5 μg/L),
- Gross-alpha activity of 136 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L), and
- PCB concentration of 3060 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

AOC 39-002(b):

- Aluminum is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Mercury is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Selenium is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.

- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- PCBs are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.

SWMU 39-004(c):

- Aluminum is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Aluminum, however, was not detected above BV in 45 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil samples collected during the 2009 Consent Order investigation and 1995 RFI.
- Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above BV in shallow Consent Order and RFI soil samples. Copper was detected above the soil BV in 15 of 45 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 180 times the soil BV.
- Mercury is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Mercury was only detected above the soil BV in 2 of 45 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 85 times the soil BV.
- Selenium is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Selenium was not detected above BV in 45 shallow Consent Order and RFI soil samples.
- PCBs are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Three PCB mixtures (Aroclor-1248, Aroclor-1254, and Aroclor-1260) were detected in shallow Consent Order samples. Aroclor-1248 was detected in 3 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 30 times the residential SSL. Aroclor-1254 was detected in 1 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 52% of the residential SSL. Aroclor-1260 was detected in 2 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 3.1 times the residential SSL.
- Thorium and uranium are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically
 managed at this Site. RFI and Consent Order samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha
 radioactivity but were analyzed for plutonium, thorium, and uranium isotopes, which are alphaemitting, and total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Alpha-emitting radionuclides
 managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from
 the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 235-2 and 235-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 235-2 and 235-3.

Most of the A-SMA-3 drainage area is located on Bandelier Tuff, and there is no run-on from developed facilities (e.g., buildings, parking lots, and pavement); therefore, the Bandelier Tuff background UTL was compared with aluminum, copper, PCBs, and gross-alpha storm water exceedances. Mercury and selenium did not have a sufficient number of detected results to determine the UTL BV.

• Aluminum—Aluminum is a major component of Bandelier Tuff. The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μ g/L; the result from 2013 is less than this value.

- Copper—Copper is associated with trace minerals in Bandelier Tuff. The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 µg/L. The copper result from the storm water confirmation sample in 2013 is above this value.
- PCBs—The baseline PCB UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The ATAL exceedance in the storm water confirmation sample in 2013 is greater than the storm water baseline UTL.
- Gross alpha—The gross alpha is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals in Bandelier Tuff. The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L; the results from 2013 confirmation samples are below this value. The gross-alpha geometric mean of 136 pCi/L is approximately 11 times lower than the background storm water UTL.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

235.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG265 recorded four storm events at A-SMA-3 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered four post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 235-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-47468	7-14-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49008	8-6-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49737	8-25-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-50213	9-9-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51256	11-4-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45567	4-20-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45870	4-29-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45965	5-4-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46022	5-11-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46076	5-18-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46077	5-21-2015
Verification Inspection for Enhanced Controls	BMP-46265	5-28-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-3 in 2015.

235.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with A-SMA-3 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 235-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
AOC 39-002(b)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 39-004(c)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.



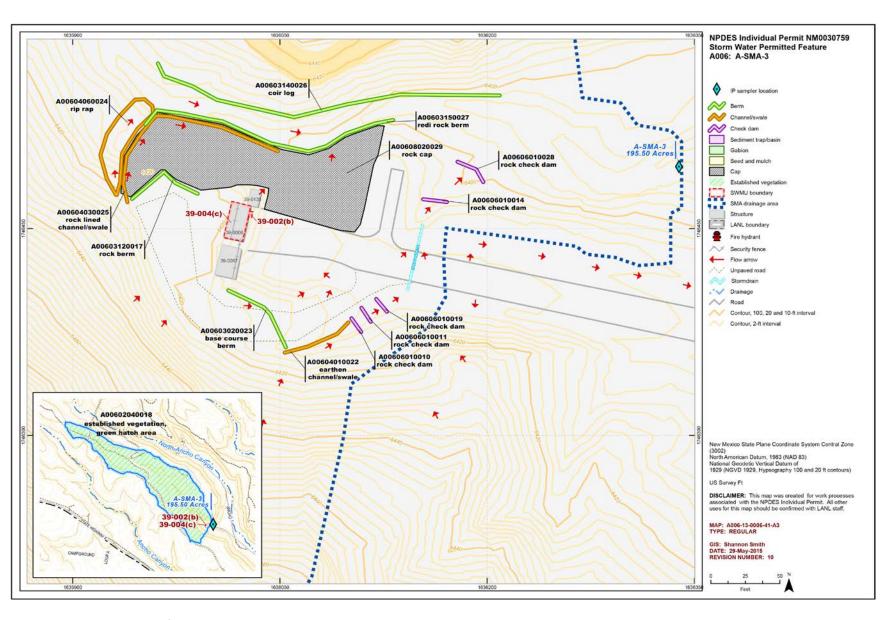
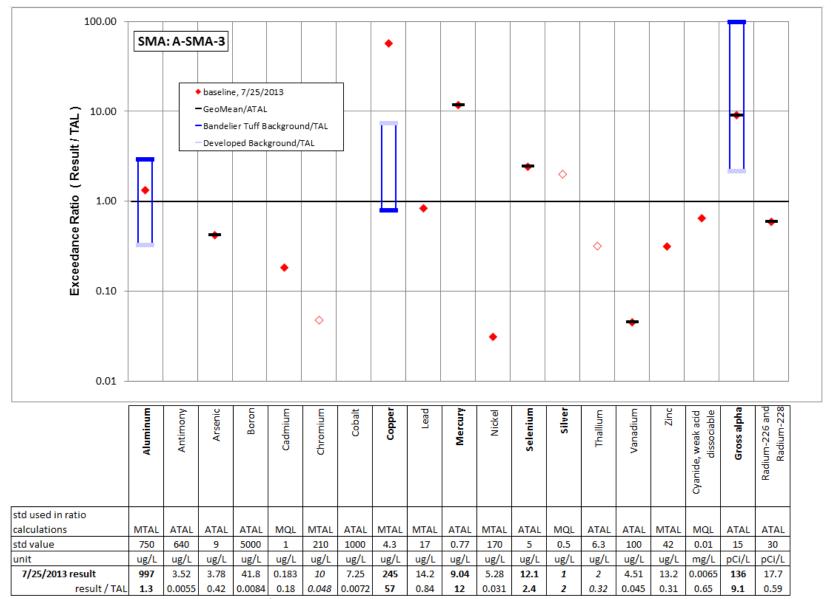


Figure 235-1 A-SMA-3 location map



Inorganic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-3 **Figure 235-2**



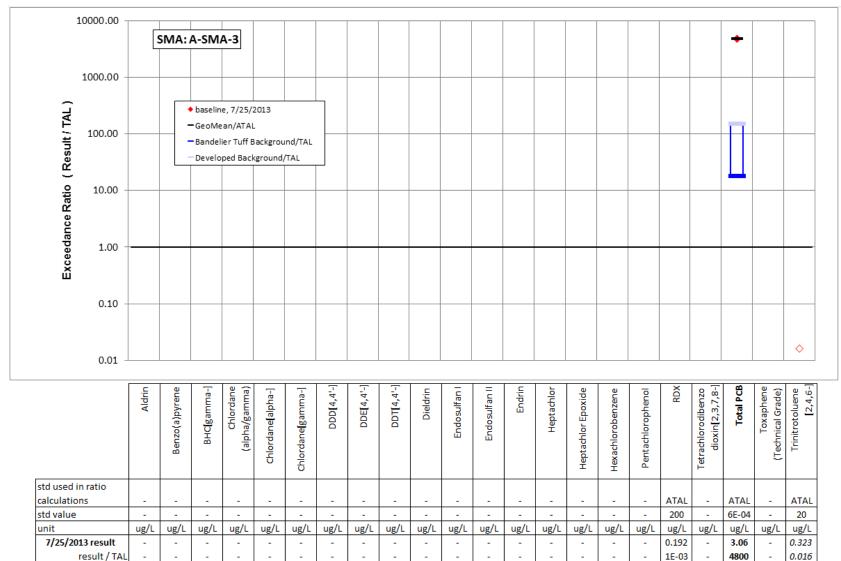


Figure 235-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-3

236.0 A-SMA-3.5: SWMU 39-006(a)

236.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with A007, A-SMA-3.5: Site 39-006(a).

SWMU 39-006(a) consists of a septic system with inactive and active components located east and south of building 39-2 at TA-39. The inactive portion of the septic system was constructed in 1953 and received discharges from building 39-2. The inactive portion of the septic system included an 1800-gal. septic tank (former structure 39-12), sections of drainlines, a subsurface sand filter, a chemical seepage pit, and an outfall. The septic tank was located 100 ft east of building 39-2 and was connected to a sand filter north of NM 4. The sand filter discharged to an outfall south of NM 4 in North Ancho Canyon. In 1973, the septic tank was enlarged, a new subsurface sand filter was installed on the south side of NM 4, and use of the old sand filter was discontinued. Septic tank 39-104, the new sand filter south of NM 4, and the still-active drainlines are part of the SWMU 39-006(a) active components. In 1989, the outlet from the new sand filter was plugged, eliminating the discharge to the outfall. Photographic-processing chemicals from building 39-2 were routinely discharged to former septic tank 39-12, eventually causing the septic tank to malfunction. To correct the problem, a seepage pit was installed in 1973 directly north of former septic tank 39-12 to manage the photographic-processing chemicals. The seepage pit handled approximately 75 gal./yr until 1992. The chemical seepage pit consisted of an open pit approximately 12 ft deep and filled with cobble. A CMP approximately 1 ft in diameter runs vertically through the center of the seepage pit. The inactive septic tank (former structure 39-12), inactive chemical seepage pit, and the original sand filter were removed during 2009 field activities.

Consent Order sampling data for the inactive components of SWMU 39-006(a) indicate the Site meets residential risk levels. During the 2009 Consent Order investigation, only the outfall drainage of the active components of SWMU 39-006(a) was sampled to provide initial characterization data. Samples were not collected from the active septic tank and the active sand filter because sampling would disrupt the lines of an active septic system currently in use. All detected inorganic and organic chemical concentrations were below residential SSLs; no radionuclides were detected. Because preliminary investigation results demonstrate that current activities are not contributing to off-site migration, further investigation of the active components of SWMU 39-006(a) is delayed until operations at the Site cease.

The project map (Figure 236-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

236.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 236-1).

Table 236-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control			Control	
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00702040003	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00703060002	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00703060004	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

236.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 39-006(a) is monitored within A-SMA-3.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 25, 2013 (Figures 236-2 and 236-3). In Figure 236-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded no TAL exceedances. Baseline confirmation is complete for A-SMA-3.5 and the associated SWMU 39-006(a) because all applicable sampling results are below the applicable MTAL or ATAL. No further sampling is required for A-SMA-3.5 for the duration of the IP.

236.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at A-SMA-3.5 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 236-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45940	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46103	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49009	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51257	11-9-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-3.5 in 2015.

236.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with A-SMA-3.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 236-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 39-006(a)	Baseline Confirmation Complete	Baseline Confirmation Complete	No additional sampling is necessary for this Site

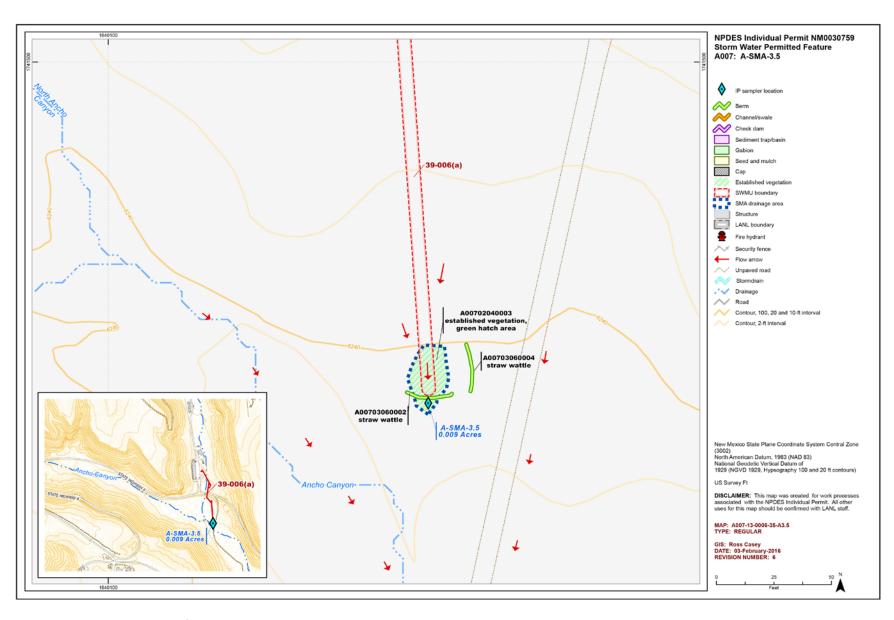
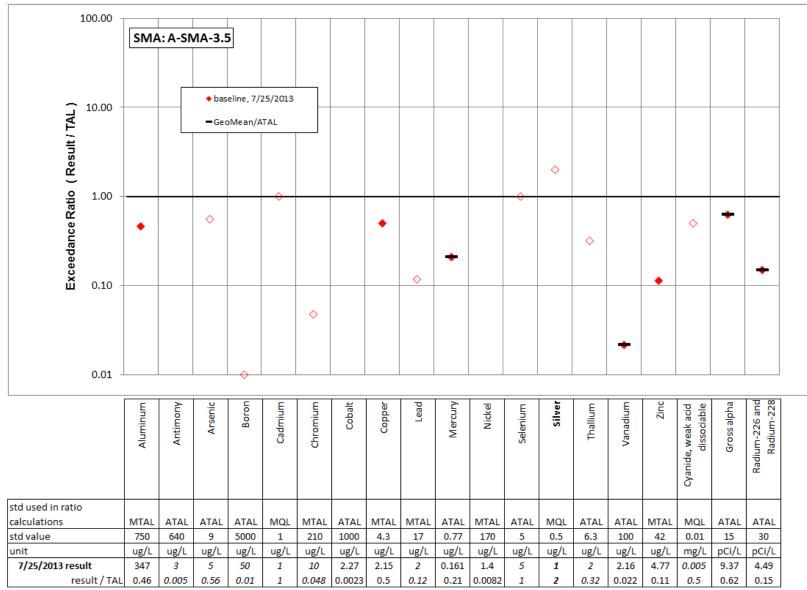


Figure 236-1 A-SMA-3.5 location map



Inorganic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-3.5 **Figure 236-2**

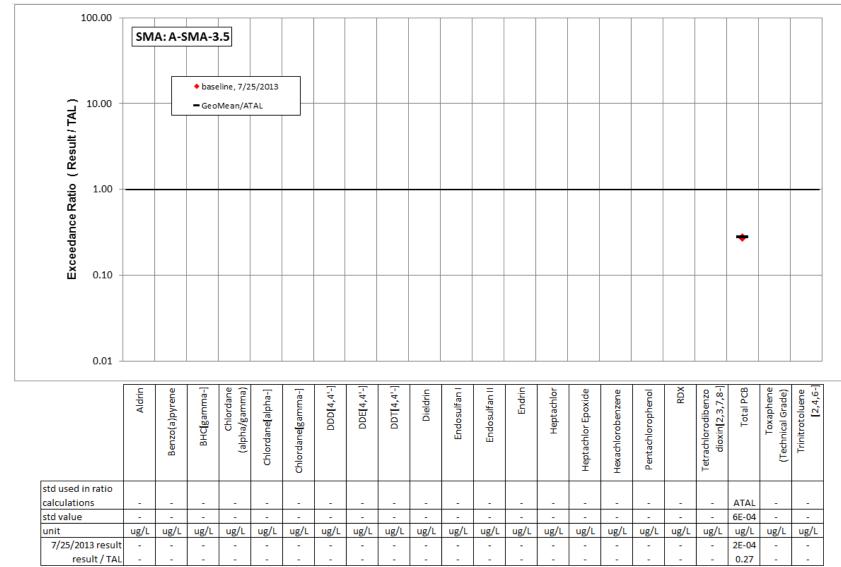


Figure 236-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-3.5

237.0 A-SMA-4: SWMU 33-010(d)

237.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with A008, A-SMA-4: Site 33-010(d).

SWMU 33-010(d) is a former canyon-side disposal area situated in the northeastern portion of East Site at TA-33 directly north of the former gun firing site berms [SWMU 33-006(b)]. Debris scattered along the canyon rim and in a small drainage leading to Ancho Canyon consisted of concrete blocks, empty glass specimen vials, pieces of foam, cable, and metal cans. The date this debris was deposited at the Site is not known, but operations at East Site occurred between 1948 and 1972. During the 1995 VCA implemented at the Site, 2 yd³ of nonhazardous/nonradioactive debris and 0.1 yd³ of radioactive debris were removed from Site.

SWMU 33-010(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-010(d).

The project map (Figure 237-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

237.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 237-1).

Table 237-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control			Control	
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00802040010	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00803010007	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	-	СВ
A00803010009	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	В
A00806010003	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
A00806010004	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

237.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at A-SMA-4. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

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237.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at A-SMA-4 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 237-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45941	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46104	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49010	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51258	11-9-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-4 in 2015.

237.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with A-SMA-4 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 237-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-010(d)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 4-30-2012.

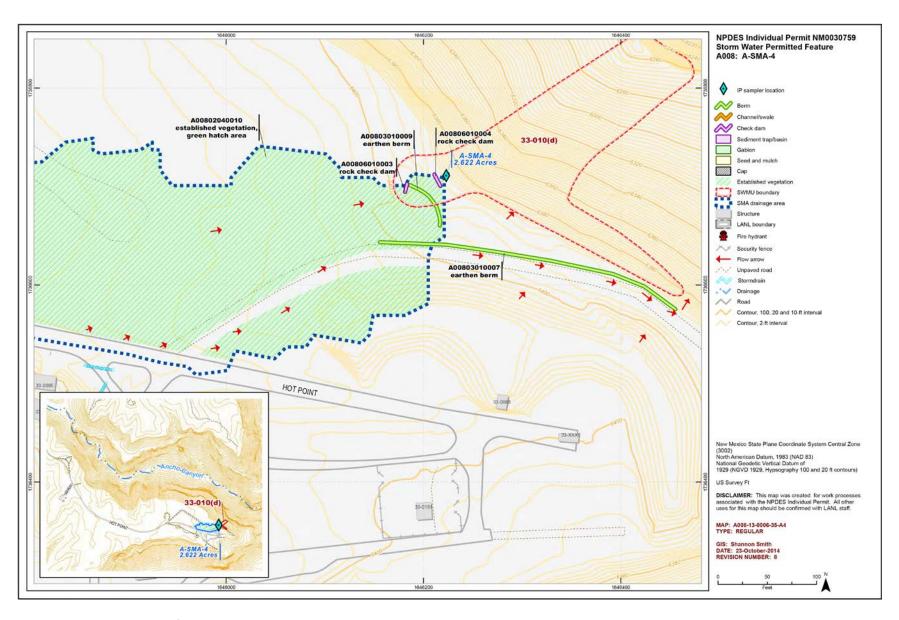


Figure 237-1 A-SMA-4 location map

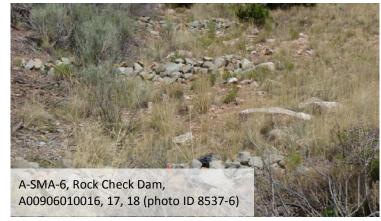
238.0 A-SMA-6: SWMUs 33-004(k), 33-007(a), and 33-010(a)

238.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with A009, A-SMA-6: Sites 33-004(k), 33-007(a), and 33-010(a).

SWMU 33-004(k) consists of a suspected outfall from building 33-87 located at East Site at TA-33. Building 33-87 was constructed in 1955 to support firing site experiments at East Site. The firing tests that structure 33-87 supported were conducted until the early 1970s. The outfall reportedly received discharge from a toilet, sink, floor drains, and an electrical water cooler within the building. Structure 33-87 was used to house electronic equipment, and there is no recorded use of radioactive materials in this building. The RFI work plan indicated that photoprocessing may have occurred. Engineering drawing C-3304 shows a cast-iron drainpipe exiting the south wall of the building and extending approximately 125 ft southeast of the building where it terminates at the outfall. The engineering drawing describes the drainline as consisting of 54 ft of 8-in.-diameter cast-iron pipe and 71 ft of 8-in.-diameter VCP. Attempts to locate the drainline and outfall in 1994 and 1995 using geophysics and test trenches were unsuccessful. An inspection of the building performed in 1996 revealed that no floor drains existed in the building. The sink and toilet in the building discharge to septic tank 33-96 [SWMU 33-004(c)], located north of the building. Therefore, the drainline and outfall likely never existed.

SWMU 33-004(k) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-004(k).



SWMU 33-007(a) is a gun firing site

located at East Site at TA-33. The firing site consists of three gun mounts (structures 33-116, 33-117, and 33-135) and two former catcher boxes (structures 33-118 and 33-136). Firing site activities began in the mid-1950s and included firing projectiles from large cannons into the catcher boxes filled with vermiculite and sand. Other activities included experiments using scintillation fluids and x-rays. Cobalt-60 was used in some of the firing site activities. Firing site activities ceased in 1972. In 1984, the catcher boxes and their contents were removed and disposed of in a landfill [SWMU 33-008(b)] located at East Site. A narrow asphalt road runs the length of the Site, as does an asphalt drainage ditch.

SWMU 33-007(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-007(a).

SWMU 33-010(a) is a surface disposal area located on a cliff ledge above Ancho Canyon at East Site at TA-33. Much of the debris was associated with the initial clearing of East Site and included dead tree trunks, rocks, and scraped earth. Other debris, such as metal scrap, timber, and plastic foam, is

associated with firing site operations conducted from 1955 to 1972. Debris was scattered at the rim of the canyon and within 15 ft below the rim. A VCA performed in 1995 removed 8 yd³ of nonhazardous, nonradioactive debris and 0.2 yd³ of radioactive debris from the surface of the Site. No confirmation samples were collected.

SWMU 33-010(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015.

The project map (Figure 238-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

238.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 238-1).

Table 238-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control		Control		
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
A00902040023	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
A00903010021	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00904020007	Concrete/Asphalt Channel/Swale	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
A00904060005	Rip Rap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
A00906010008	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010009	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010010	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010011	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010012	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010013	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
A00906010014	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010015	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010016	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010017	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010018	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010019	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
A00906010020	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

238.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-004(k), 33-007(a), and 33-010(a) are monitored within A-SMA-6. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on August 4, 2013 (Figures 238-2 and 238-3). In Figure 238-2, selenium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentration of 5.86 μ g/L (MTAL is 4.3 μ g/L) and
- Gross-alpha activity of 29.6 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-004(k):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Gross-alpha radioactivity is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.

SWMU 33-007(a):

- Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was not detected above BV in 35 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil and sediment samples collected during the 1994 RFI at the Site.
- Gross alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at this Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but
 were analyzed for uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Alpha-emitting radionuclides
 managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from
 the definition of adjusted gross alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 33-010(a):

- Copper is not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Copper was not detected above BVs in 8 shallow screening-level soil samples collected during the 1994 RFI at the Site.
- Gross alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial
 materials historically managed at this site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha
 radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 238-2 and 238-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 238-2 and 238-3.

Monitoring location A-SMA-6 receives runoff primarily from undeveloped areas, with some contribution from developed landscape. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μg/L.
 The copper result from 2013 is between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than both of these values.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

238.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at A-SMA-6 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 238-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45942	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46105	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49011	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51259	11-9-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at A-SMA-6 in 2015.

238.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with A-SMA-6 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 238-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-004(k)	Corrective Action Initiated	Alternative Compliance Requested	LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources."
SWMU 33-007(a)	Corrective Action Initiated	Alternative Compliance Requested	LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources."
SWMU 33-010(a)	Corrective Action Initiated	Alternative Compliance Requested	LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 52 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels from Nonpoint Sources."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

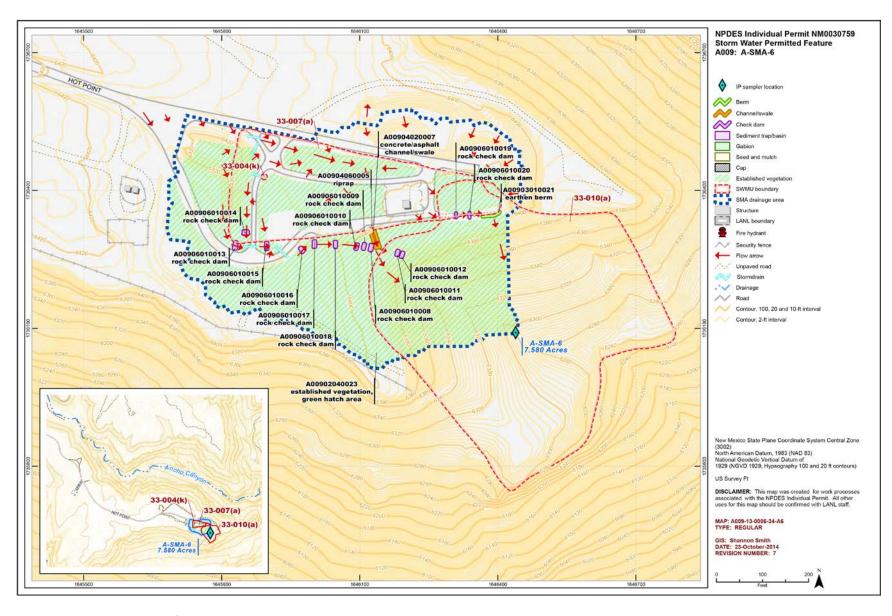
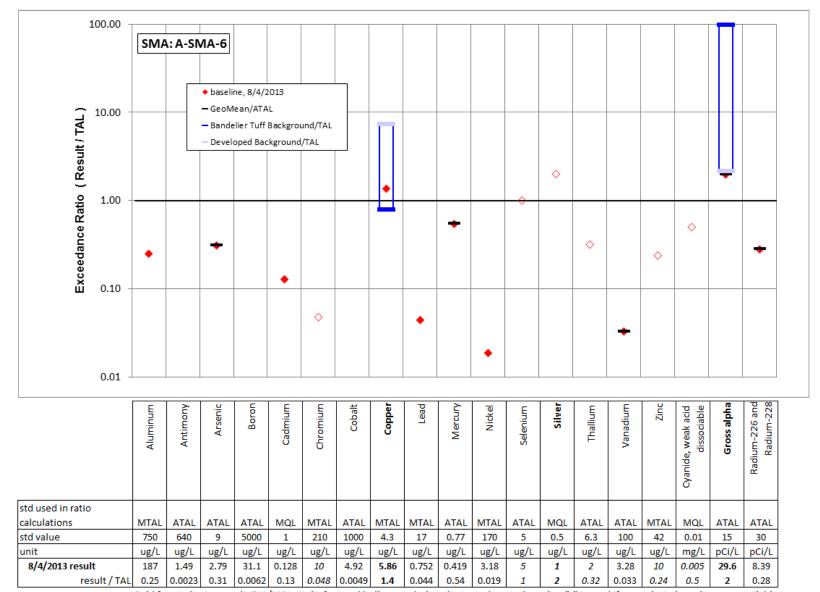


Figure 238-1 A-SMA-6 location map



Bold font indicates result>TAL/MQL; italic font and hollow symbols indicate undetected results; "-" is used if no analytical results were available.

Figure 238-2 Inorganic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-6



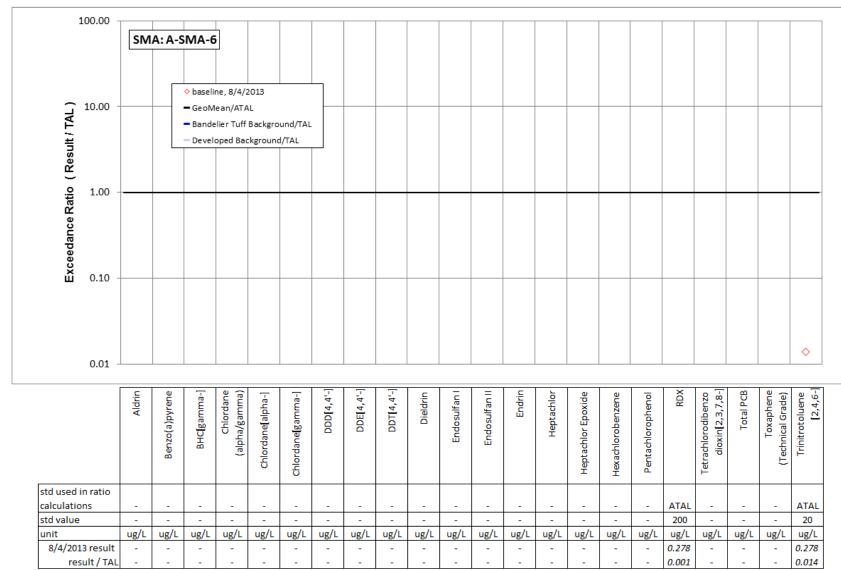


Figure 238-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for A-SMA-6

239.0 CHQ-SMA-0.5: SWMUs 33-004(g), 33-007(c), and 33-009

239.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with Q001, CHQ-SMA-0.5: Sites 33-004(g), 33-007(c), and 33-009.

SWMU 33-004(g) is reportedly an outfall and associated drainline that discharged wastewater from building 33-0016. The outfall is located at the end of a VCP that runs west approximately 50 ft from the northwest corner of building 33-0016. The pipe daylights at the edge of a level area above a drainage channel that leads to a tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. The ground surface below the outfall slopes steeply down to the tributary channel, which is approximately 70 ft lower than the outfall. A culvert under a roadway, approximately 60 ft southwest of the outfall, receives runoff from most of the paved portions of Area 6. Building 33-0016 was constructed in 1949 as a gun building for initiator tests. It housed a gas gun that was used to fire projectiles as well as electronic equipment used to measure neutron production. Large-bore (2-in. to 5-in.-diameter) guns were also mounted on concrete pads around building 33-0016 and used to fire projectiles containing initiator test assemblies. These activities continued until 1955. Photographs may have been developed in building 33-0016 or in a small trailer parked next to the drainage from the Site. In 1956, building 33-0016 was used to make and machine laminating materials that contained barium, lead, titanium, and zinc. Toxic fumes were reportedly released from a fume hood in the building used to cure epoxy resins. Building 33-0016 later was used as a library and storage building and has been empty and unused since 1991. The 1992 Santa Fe Engineering study of drains and discharges at TA-33 was conducted to identify all sources of discharges from TA-33 buildings. This study identified no discharges from building 33-0016. Thus, the source of any potential discharge to the SWMU 33-004(g) outfall is not known.

SWMU 33-004(g) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-004(g).

SWMU 33-007(c) consists of abandoned firing sites associated with the initiator tests conducted at Area 6. The firing sites included firing pads and two catcher boxes. One pad was located immediately west of building 33-0016. The catcher boxes were located approximately 20 ft south of building 33-0016 and were approximately 6 × 6 ft, constructed of timber, and filled with soil, wood chips, and vermiculite. Guns (2- to 5-in. bore) were placed on the concrete pads and used to fire projectiles containing test assemblies into targets placed in front of the catcher boxes. Materials used in the projectiles included beryllium, polonium-210, uranium, copper, lead, tungsten, and stainless steel. The projectiles frequently cracked open, contaminating the pads and surrounding area with polonium-210. Contaminated areas on the guns and pads were painted with lead-based paint to fix surface contamination. Several other firing pads were on a level area excavated into a basaltic cinder cone southwest of building 33-0016. This area was used to test nuclear gun mock-ups. A 4- to 5-in. bore gun was used to fire projectiles into the back of the excavation. The back of the excavation currently extends about 75 ft farther back than when the Site was used. A 1951 memorandum describes a test at Area 6 that resulted in the leak of radioactive material from a projectile. The Site was cleaned up by using a bulldozer to scrape away the contaminated soil and embankment. A 1954 memorandum describes decontamination of one of the Area 6 gun barrels. The memorandum describes removing loose material and leaving impregnated spots as high as 1 million cpm. Contaminated surface dirt was bulldozed from the shot area into the adjacent canyon.

During the 1995 IA conducted at SWMU 33-007(c), the Site was stabilized to prevent migration of metals and isotopic uranium contamination identified during the RFI. In 1996, approximately 200 yd³ of soil was removed from the catcher boxes and processed as part of a pilot test to verify the effectiveness of processes for remediating uranium-contaminated soil. Sampling results for the processed soil showed mean activities for uranium-234, uranium-235, and uranium-238 of 15.8 pCi/g, 0.515 pCi/g, and 15.7 pCi/g, respectively; the processed soil was returned to the catcher boxes. Experimental projectiles totaling 1720 lb were also discovered in the soil from the catcher boxes and were subsequently characterized and disposed of as LLW.

SWMU 33-007(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-007(c).

SWMU 33-009 is a former surface disposal area located in Area 6, west of the TA-33 Main Site. The disposal Site includes an area approximately 100 ft long × 75 ft wide that has been leveled into the side of a natural basaltic cinder cone as well as an area that extends approximately 80 ft down the slope of the cinder cone. The slope continues below the disposal Site until it reaches a tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. The debris within this surface disposal area is believed to be associated with the activities at a nearby gun firing site [SWMU 33-007(c)]. This gun firing site operated from 1949 to 1955. When the firing area became contaminated as a result of firing activities, contaminated soil and debris were bulldozed over the edge of the canyon. SWMU 33-009 also received debris from general operations at TA-33, including metal wastes, light bulbs, tires, and drums. In 1960, the Site received uranium turnings from the building 33-0113 machine shop. In addition, from 1967 to 1972, the Site served as a storage and disposal area for defective electrical capacitors from the Sherwood Project. These capacitors had an average weight of 300 lb and were about 4 ft³ to 6 ft³ in volume. Disposal of the capacitors at this Site ceased in 1972, at which time defective capacitors were sent off-site for disposal. In December 1974, the Site was partially cleaned up as part of general cleanup activities conducted at TA-33. Several truckloads of material were taken to MDA G for disposal. Material removed from the Site included DU pieces, electrical capacitors, metal turnings, old tires, and fluorescent light tubes. A radiation survey was performed after the cleanup. The area was surveyed at intervals of about 10 ft across the slope and 16 ft up and down the slope. Radiation above background was not detected. Not all material was removed in 1974. Broken glass and chunks of metal were still present when the RFI was conducted in 1993. An empty capacitor containing small amounts of PCB-contaminated oil was also discovered partially buried at the Site in 1994 and was removed.

SWMU 33-009 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-009.

The project map (Figure 239-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

239.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 239-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 28, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 30, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 239-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control			Control	
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00102040008	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00103010010	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00103010011	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00103140009	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00104050006	Water Bar	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00104050007	Water Bar	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00106010003	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00106010004	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00106010005	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

239.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-004(g), 33-007(c), and 33-009 are monitored within CHQ-SMA-0.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 23, 2014 (Figures 239-2 and 239-3). In Figure 239-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Gross-alpha activity of 88.3 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L) and
- PCB concentration of 12 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-004(q):

- PCBs are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 1993 RFI samples not analyzed for PCBs because they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium, which contains alpha-emitting radionuclides.
 Uranium was detected above BVs in 5 of 5 RFI samples at a maximum concentration 2 times the

soil BV; RFI data are screening level only. Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed by the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 33-007(c):

- PCBs are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 The PCB mixtures Aroclor-1254 and Aroclor-1260 were detected in shallow 1993 RFI samples.
 Aroclor-1254 and Aroclor-1260 were each detected in 1 of 2 samples at concentrations 5.3% and 3.2% of the residential SSLs, respectively; RFI data are screening level only.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium, which contains alpha-emitting radionuclides.
 Uranium was detected above the BV in 13 of 14 RFI samples at a maximum concentration
 2.2 times the soil BV; RFI data are screening level only. Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed
 by the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the
 definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 33-009:

- PCBs are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. The
 PCB mixture Aroclor-1254 was detected in shallow 1993 RFI samples. The PCB mixture
 Aroclor-1254 was detected in 5 of 10 shallow RFI samples at a maximum concentration 140% of
 the residential SSL; RFI data are screening level only.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Shallow Consent Order samples were not analyzed for grossalpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium, which contains alpha-emitting radionuclides.
 Uranium was detected above the BV in 10 of 10 RFI samples at a maximum concentration
 3 times the soil BV; RFI data are screening level only. Alpha-emitting radionuclides managed by
 the Permittees are exempt from regulation under the CWA and are excluded from the definition
 of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 239-2 and 239-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 239-2 and 239-3.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-0.5 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium-and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—Gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water runon from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2014 gross-alpha result is between these values.

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 PCBs—The PCB UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 98 ng/L; the PCB UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The PCB result from 2014 is between these values.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2014 Annual Report.

239.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-0.5 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

 Table 239-2
 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45943	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46106	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49012	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51295	10-28-2015
Remediation Construction Activity inspection	COMP-50338	9-10-2015
Remediation Construction Activity inspection	COMP-50339	9-17-2015
Verification Inspection for Enhanced Controls	BMP-50558	9-23-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-0.5 in 2015.

239.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-0.5 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 239-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-004(g)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-007(c)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-009	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

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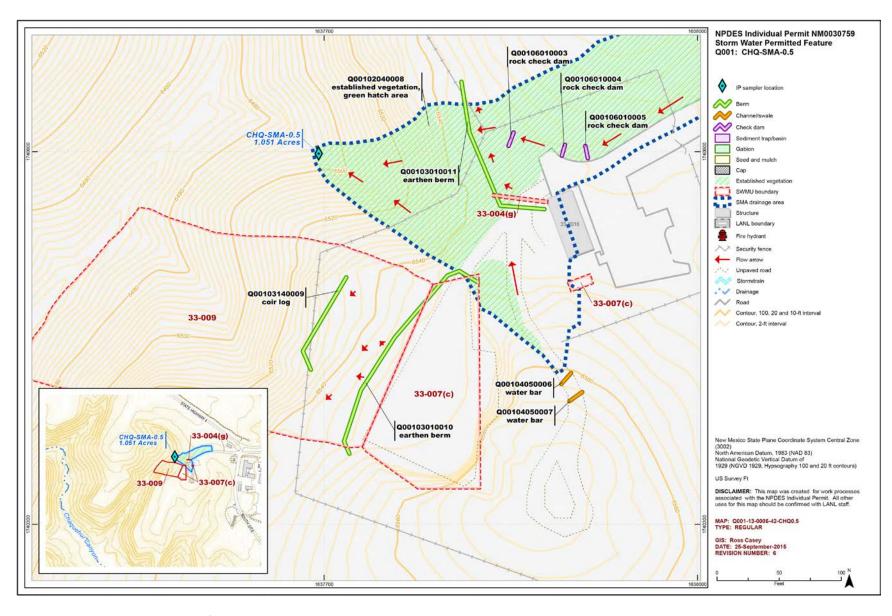
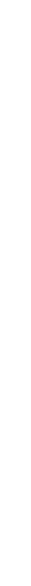


Figure 239-1 CHQ-SMA-0.5 location map



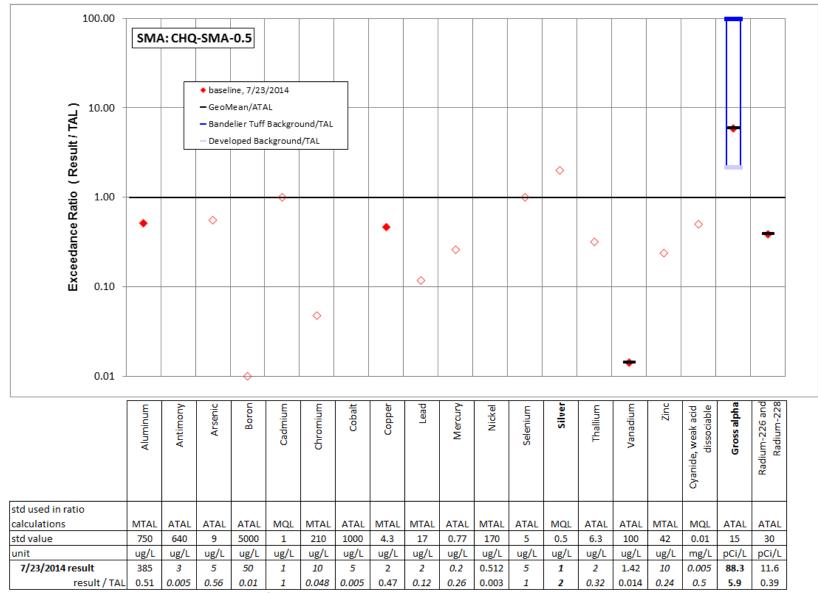


Figure 239-2 Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-0.5

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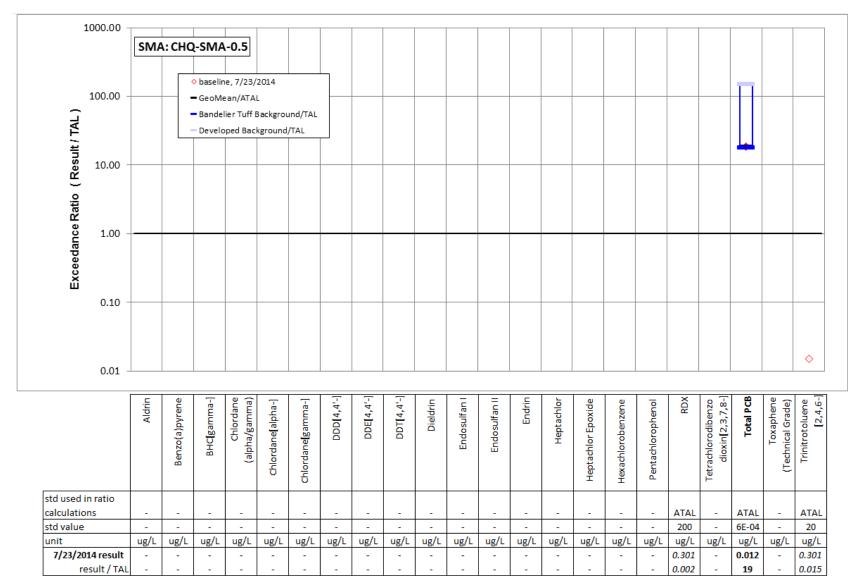


Figure 239-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-0.5

240.0 CHQ-SMA-1.01: SWMU 33-002(d)

240.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q002, CHQ-SMA-1.01: Site 33-002(d).

SWMU 33-002(d) is a former NPDES-permitted outfall that discharged noncontact cooling water from former building 33-0086, the former high-pressure tritium facility. This outfall was created when the SWMU 33-002(c) seepage pit was deactivated and disconnected from the building 33-0086 drainline. At that time, the drainline to the seepage pit was extended 90 ft to the east to create an outfall for the discharge of noncontact cooling water. Operations at building 33-0086 ceased in 1990, including discharges to the SWMU 33-002(d) outfall; building 33-0086 underwent D&D in the mid-1990s. The outfall was removed from the Laboratory's NPDES permit on July 11, 1995. The drainline that discharged to this outfall was removed in 2005 during an ACA implemented for other SWMUs associated with the former high-pressure tritium facility.

SWMU 33-002(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-002(d).

The project map (Figure 240-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

240.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 240-1).

Table 240-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00202040008	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00203060009	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00203060011	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00203060012	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00203060013	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00203060014	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

240.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CHQ-SMA-1.01. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

240.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-1.01 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 240-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45946	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46109	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49015	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51296	11-12-2015

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 240-3 Maintenance during 2015

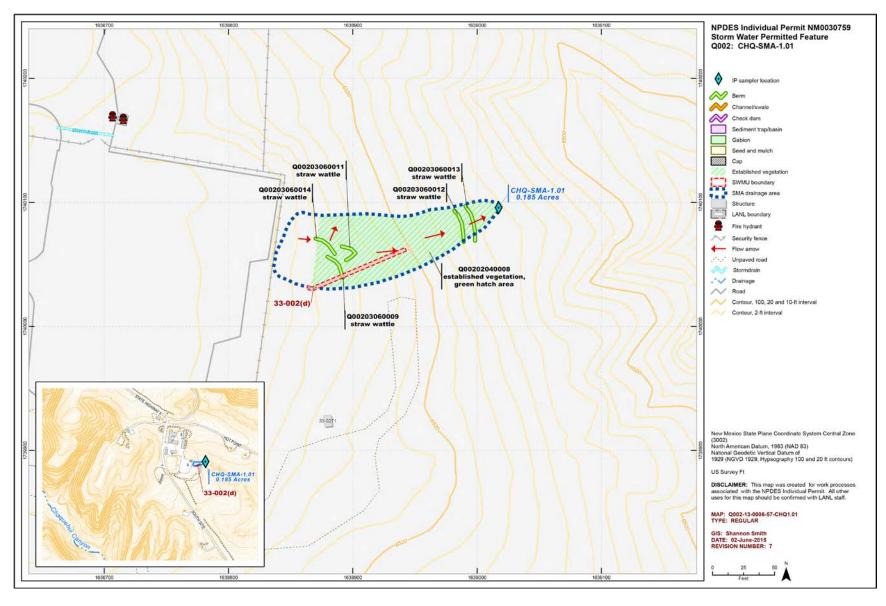
Maintenance Reference	Maintenance Conducted	Maintenance Date	Response Time	Response Discussion
BMP-46098	Installed new straw wattle directly upgradient of existing wattle Q00203060010 as a replacement.	5-29-2015	11 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.

240.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CHQ-SMA-1.01 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 240-4 Compliance Status during 2015

	Compliance Status	Compliance Status	
Site	on Jan 1, 2015	on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-002(d)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 4-30-2012.



CHQ-SMA-1.01 location map **Figure 240-1**

241.0 CHQ-SMA-1.02: SWMUs 33-004(h), 33-011(d), and 33-015 and AOC 33-008(c)

241.1 Site Descriptions

Four historical industrial activity areas are associated with Q002A, CHQ-SMA-1.02: Sites 33-004(h), 33-008(c), 33-011(d), and 33-015.

SWMU 33-004(h) consists of a reported outfall associated with a warehouse (building 33-0020) located at the south side of Main Site. The warehouse was constructed in 1950 and used from 1952 to 1972 to store materials associated with initiator tests, including beryllium and uranium. The building subsequently was cleaned and used by other groups as a light laboratory and for general storage. The RFI work plan for OU 1122 states historical engineering drawings show an 8-in.-diameter VCP drain exiting the southeast corner of the building, which reportedly discharged to an outfall. A study of building drains at TA-33 identified two floor drains in building 33-0020 but the outfall could not be located. The study also noted there was no source of water in the building. A geophysical survey conducted in 1993 found no evidence of a drainline.

SWMU 33-004(h) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011.

SWMU 33-011(d) consists of a former a storage area located on the asphalt next to a warehouse (building 33-0020) near the south side of TA-33 Main Site. Beryllium and uranium were stored around building 33-0020 from 1950 to 1972. In addition, recovered scrap from shots containing uranium, beryllium, and tungsten was stored south of building 33-0020. Much of the material stored at the Site was salvaged for use elsewhere. A 1987 site survey found no materials remaining in storage at this location.

SWMU 33-011(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. RFI screening-level data are available for this Site. SWMU 33-015 consists of the former location of a small incinerator (former structure 33-0110) approximately 50 ft southeast of building 33-0039 on a hillside that slopes to a tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. The incinerator measured approximately $4 \times 4 \times 6$ ft high and was mounted on a concrete base. The incinerator was first used in 1955 to burn uncontaminated office trash. The date it ceased to be used is not known; however, it was no longer in use during the 1993 RFI and was no longer present at the Site by 1995.

SWMU 33-015 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; decision-level data are not available.

AOC 33-008(c) is a former surface disposal area located east of Main Site buildings 33-39 and 33-113 outside of the Main Site security fence. This former disposal site consists of two areas: one near a culvert discharge where glass bottles and other debris were discovered and the other an area of surface debris situated north of the culvert. The culvert receives storm water runoff from Main Site, is directly east of building 33-39, and is located in a drainage channel that discharges to a tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. Debris observed included machined metal turnings, cable, glass bottles, and general trash on the ground surface and in the channel downstream of the culvert. The outlines of a possible trenched area are visible in aerial photographs from 1958. A small asphalt pad is located at the west end

of the northern area, and a partially full chemical bottle was present on the ground surface. In 1999, a cleanup activity was performed and all visible debris was removed from the watercourse.

AOC 33-008(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; decision-level data are available for AOC 33-008(c) from the 1996 RFI.

The project map (Figure 241-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

241.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 241-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 24, 2012 and September 9, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 25, 2012, and September 10, 2015, respectively, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at

http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 241-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control			Control	
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q002A03010010	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q002A03010011	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q002A03010012	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q002A03010013	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q002A03150014	Redi-Rock Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q002A06010002	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002A06010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002A06010007	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q002A06010009	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002A08030004	Concrete/Asphalt Cap	-	-	Х	-	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

241.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-004(h), 33-011(d), and 33-015 and AOC 33-008(c) are monitored within CHQ-SMA-1.02. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on August 12, 2011 (Figures 241-2 and 241-3). Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentration of 8 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L) and
- PCB concentration of 9.22 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

Following the installation of enhanced control measures at CHQ SMA 1.02, corrective action storm water samples were collected on July 25, 2013, and September 15, 2013 (Figures 241-2 and 241-3). Analytical results from this corrective action monitoring sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentration of 4.46 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L) and
- PCB concentration of 7 ng/L and 16 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-004(h):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was not detected above BVs in the three shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) 1993 RFI samples.
- PCBs are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 The 1993 RFI samples were not analyzed for PCBs because they are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.

SWMU 33-011(d):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for copper.
- PCBs are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. The 1993 RFI samples were not analyzed for PCBs.

SWMU 33-015:

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Shallow RFI samples were not analyzed for copper.
- PCBs are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. The 1993 RFI samples were not analyzed for PCBs.

AOC 33-008(c):

- Copper is likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was
 detected above BVs in 15 of 17 shallow RFI samples at a maximum concentration 2250 times the
 sediment BV.
- PCBs are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for PCBs because they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 241-2 and 241-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 241-2 and 241-3.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-1.02 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings as well as landscape consisting of sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff.

 Copper—Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μg/L; the copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is



 $3.43~\mu g/L$. The copper result from the storm water confirmation samples in 2011 and 2013 are between these two values.

PCBs—PCBs are associated with building materials including paint, caulking, asphalt, solvents, transformers, and cutting oils. The baseline PCB UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 98 ng/L; the PCB UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The ATAL exceedance observed in the storm water confirmation samples in 2011 and 2013 is less than both storm water baseline UTLs.

All of the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2011 and 2013 Annual Reports.

241.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-1.02 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 241-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45947	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46110	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49016	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51297	11-12-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-1.02 in 2015.

241.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-1.02 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP is currently under administrative compliance.

Table 241-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-004(h)	Corrective Action Initiated after second TAL exceedance	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-008(c)	Corrective Action Initiated after second TAL exceedance	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-011(d)	Corrective Action Initiated after second TAL exceedance	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-015	Corrective Action Initiated after second TAL exceedance	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, September 4, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759 - Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Five Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

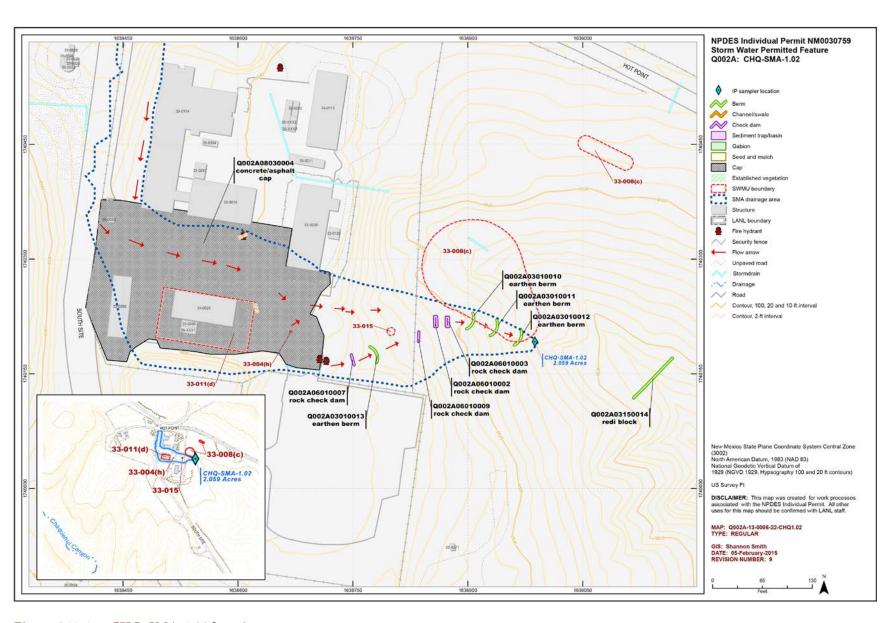


Figure 241-1 CHQ-SMA-1.02 location map

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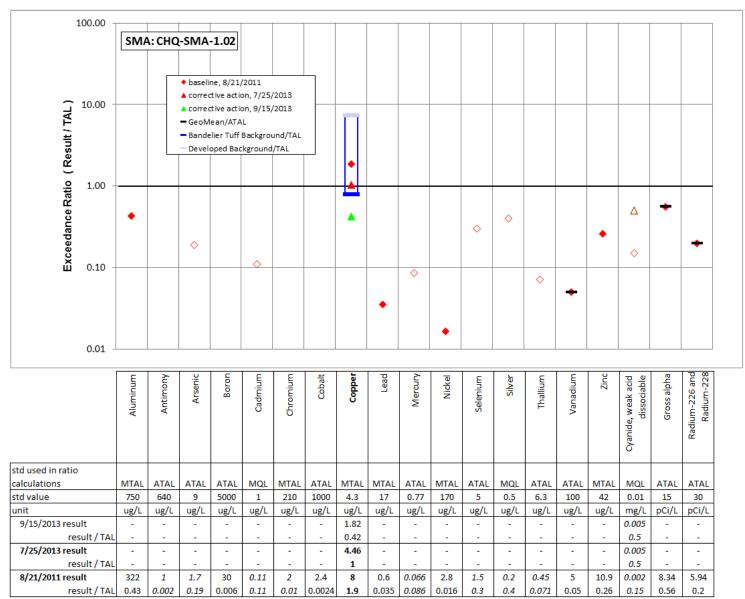
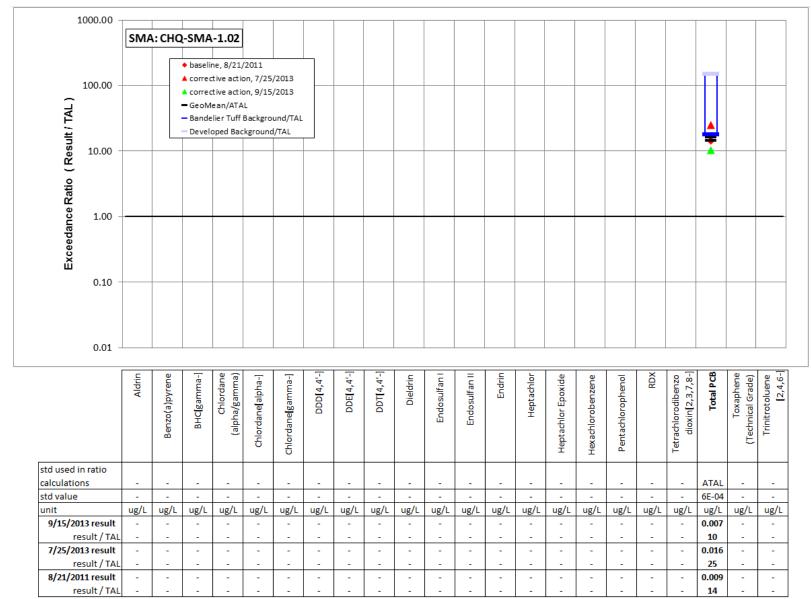


Figure 241-2 Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-1.02



Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-1.02 **Figure 241-3**

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242.0 CHQ-SMA-1.03: SWMUs 33-012(a) and 33-017 and AOCs C-33-001, C-33-003, and 33-008(c)

242.1 Site Descriptions

Five historical industrial activity areas are associated with Q002B, CHQ-SMA-1.03: 33-012(a), 33-017, C-33-001, C-33-003, and 33-008(c).

SWMU 33-012(a) is the location of a former drum storage area for a machine shop (building 33-39). This storage area was located on an asphalt pad on the east side of building 33-39, between the building and a storage shed. The asphalt pad is approximately 20 ft wide × 20 ft long. The area was used to accumulate 55-gal. drums of solvents and solvent-contaminated oil that may have been contaminated with PCBs and unknown metals. The drums were placed on pallets or directly on the asphalt pad. The 1990 SWMU report notes the presence of multiple oil stains at this Site. The 1992 RFI work plan, however, states no evidence of oil staining was found at the Site. The asphalt pad is level, and the ground surface east of building 33-09 slopes to the east. The beginning date of operation of the storage area is not known; however, building 33-39 was constructed in 1951. The storage area was deactivated in 1992 or 1993. SWMU 33-012(a) lies within the boundary of former SWMU 33-017, which includes areas impacted by operational releases from TA-33 Main Site.

SWMU 33-012(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; only screening-level data from the 1993 RFI are available for SWMU 33-012(a).

SWMU 33-017 consists of areas potentially impacted by operational releases from the TA-33 Main Site. SWMU 33-017 is located at the northern and eastern edges of Main Site and is approximately 8.26 acres. The Site generally slopes downward to the east and is at the head of a small drainage tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. SWMU 33-017 is potentially impacted by runoff from the paved areas of the TA-33 Main Site complex by deposition from airborne releases from TA-33 Main Site facilities and by operational releases from an area east of building 33-39 used for vehicle maintenance. Operations conducted within Main Site included uranium processing and machining, cadmium and silver welding and soldering, lead melting and casting, cadmium and beryllium machining, and tritium processing and decontamination. These operations began in 1949 and most continued until 1972. Following these operations, some of the facilities were used for offices and electronics laboratories.

SWMU 33-017 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; decision-level data from the 1996 RFI are available for SWMU 33-017.

AOC C-33-001 consists of a former power transformer (structure 33-124) at TA-33 Main Site. The transformer was mounted on a concrete pad next to the east wall of building 33-114 and was bounded by asphalt to the north, east, and south. The pad was enclosed by a fence and accessible only through a locked gate. Because this transformer was placed into service in the 1950s, the oil in the transformer may have contained PCBs. The pad reportedly had oil stains, but active leaks from the transformer were not observed during inspections conducted in September 1985 and March 1992. In 1992, the transformer was replaced as part of activities conducted under TSCA. A BMP implemented in 1999 consisted of vacuuming PCB-contaminated soil and sediment present on the asphalt between buildings 33-113 and 33-114. In addition, the field team vacuumed a low-grade slope from building 33-114 east between buildings 33-0113 and 33-39. A total volume of 55 gal. of material was collected.

AOC C-33-001 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data from the 1996 RFI are available for AOC C-33-001.

AOC C-33-003 consists of two former fill areas located at Main Site in TA-33. Fill was placed in these areas to provide level sites for portable trailers. One of the trailers (structure 33-169) was installed next to the Main Site water tower. The filled area to accommodate trailer 33-169 is approximately $100 \times 100 \times 4$ ft deep. The other trailer (structure 33-170) was installed north of building 33-114. The filled area to accommodate trailer 33-170 is approximately $70 \times 90 \times 7$ ft deep. Both trailers were installed in January 1984 and removed in June 1988. After the trailers were removed, no further improvements were made to these Sites. Three projectiles, one of which contained uranium, were discovered at the fill area near the water tower during brush-clearing activities conducted during the spring of 1996. The source of these projectiles appears to have been the fill material, which was obtained from the cinder cone located in Area 6, just west of Main Site. Projectiles historically were fired into catcher boxes at the base of the cinder cone during experiments conducted at the Area 6 firing area [SWMU 33-007(c)].

During a 1999 VCA, fill material was excavated until native soil or tuff was encountered. A total of 408.5 yd³ of fill material was excavated. Radiation surveys of the excavated areas showed no readings greater than 2 times BV. Confirmation samples verified cleanup levels were achieved. The excavated material was transported to a Segmented Gate System treatment plant, where radioactive materials were separated from the fill and disposed of. A total of 1.45 yd³ of contaminated fill was separated and disposed of as LLW. Treated fill samples verified cleanup levels were achieved. The decontaminated fill was returned to the Site, and the Site was restored and revegetated.



AOC C-33-003 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data from the 1999 VCA confirmation samples are available for AOC C-33-003.

AOC 33-008(c) is a former surface disposal area located east of Main Site buildings 33-39 and 33-113 outside of the Main Site security fence. This former disposal site consists of two areas: one near a culvert discharge where

glass bottles and other debris were discovered and the other an area of surface debris situated north of the culvert. The culvert receives storm water runoff from Main Site, is directly east of building 33-39, and is located in a drainage channel that discharges to a tributary of Chaquehui Canyon. Debris observed included machined metal turnings, cable, glass bottles, and general trash on the ground surface and in the channel downstream of the culvert. The outlines of a possible trenched area are visible in aerial photographs from 1958. A small asphalt pad is located at the west end of the northern area, and a partially full chemical bottle was present on the ground surface. In 1999, a BMP was performed and all visible debris was removed from the watercourse.

AOC 33-008(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data from the 1996 RFI are available for AOC 33-008(c).

The project map (Figure 242-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

242.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 242-1).

An enhanced control was installed and certified on May 13, 2014, and submitted to EPA on May 30, 2014, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced control is available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 242-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control			Control	
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q002B02040012	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q002B03150013	Redi-Rock Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q002B04060006	Riprap	Х	-	Х	-	СВ
Q002B04060007	Riprap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
Q002B04060010	Riprap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
Q002B06010004	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002B06010008	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002B06010011	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q002B08030003	Concrete/Asphalt Cap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

242.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-012(a) and 33-017 and AOCs C-33-001, C-33-003, and 33-008(c) are monitored within CHQ-SMA-1.03. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 4, 2012 (Figures 242-2 and 242-3). In Figure 242-2, selenium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentration of 14.4 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L),
- Gross-alpha activity of 63.5 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L), and
- PCB concentration of 16 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-012(a):

- Copper may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was not detected above BVs in shallow RFI samples; however, the data are screening level only.
- PCBs may have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. The
 PCB mixture Aroclor-1254 was detected in 2 of two shallow RFI samples at a maximum
 concentration 205% of the residential SSL; however, the data are screening level only.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or
 alpha-emitting radionuclides because they are not associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site.

SWMU 33-017:

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not analyzed in any shallow RFI samples.
- PCBs are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at
 the Site. The PCB mixtures Aroclor-1254 and Aroclor-1260 were detected in shallow RFI samples.
 Aroclor-1254 was detected in 5 of 7 samples at a maximum concentration 124% of the
 residential SSL. Aroclor-1260 was detected in 7 of 7 samples at a maximum concentration 248%
 of the residential SSL.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or
 alpha-emitting radionuclides because they are not associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site.

AOC C-33-001:

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for inorganic chemicals because they are not associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
- PCBs are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. The PCB mixture Aroclor-1260 was detected in 4 of 4 shallow RFI soil samples at a maximum concentration 495% of the residential SSL.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at AOC C-33-001. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha
 radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because they are not associated with industrial
 materials historically managed at the Site.

AOC C-33-003:

Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above BVs in 14 of 17 shallow VCA samples at a maximum concentration
 4.1 times the tuff BV.

- PCBs are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Confirmation samples collected during the 1999 VCA were not analyzed for PCBs because they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. VCA samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity
 but were analyzed for isotopic uranium, which contains alpha-emitting radionuclides.

AOC 33-008(c):

- Copper is likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was
 detected above BVs in 15 of 17 shallow RFI samples at a maximum concentration 2250 times the
 sediment BV.
- PCBs are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for PCBs because they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or
 alpha-emitting radionuclides but were analyzed for uranium, which contains alpha-emitting
 radionuclides.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 243-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 243-2.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-1.03 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as from landscape consisting of sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles as well as low concentrations in the Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. PCBs are associated with building materials including paint, caulking, asphalt, solvents, transformers, and cutting oils.

- Copper—The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff storm water is 3.43 μg/L, and the copper storm water UTL for run-on from a developed landscape is 32.3 μg/L. The 2012 copper result is between these two values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha background UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2012 gross-alpha result is between these two values.
- PCBs—The PCB baseline storm water UTL for storm water containing sediments derived Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L, and the baseline PCB UTL for run-on from a developed landscape is 98 ng/L. The 2012 PCB result is less then both values.

All of the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2012 Annual Report.

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242.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-1.03 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 242-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45948	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46111	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49017	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51298	11-12-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-1.03 in 2015.

242.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-1.03 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 242-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
AOC 33-008(c)	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)."
SWMU 33-012(a)	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)."
SWMU 33-017	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)."
AOC C-33-001	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)."
AOC C-33-003	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, May 30, 2014, "Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Four Site Monitoring Areas (CDV-SMA-1.4, CHQ-SMA-1.03, Pratt-SMA-1.05, T-SMA-1)."

CHQ-SMA-1.03 location map **Figure 242-1**

C-33-001

33-012(a)

33-008(c)

C-33-003

33-0019

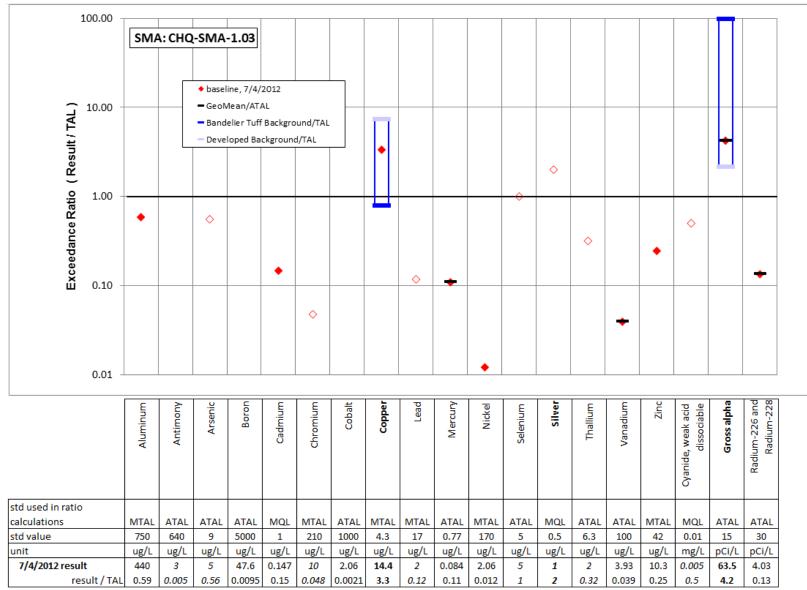
33-0020

33-008(c)

C-33-003

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C-33-003



Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-1.03 **Figure 242-2**



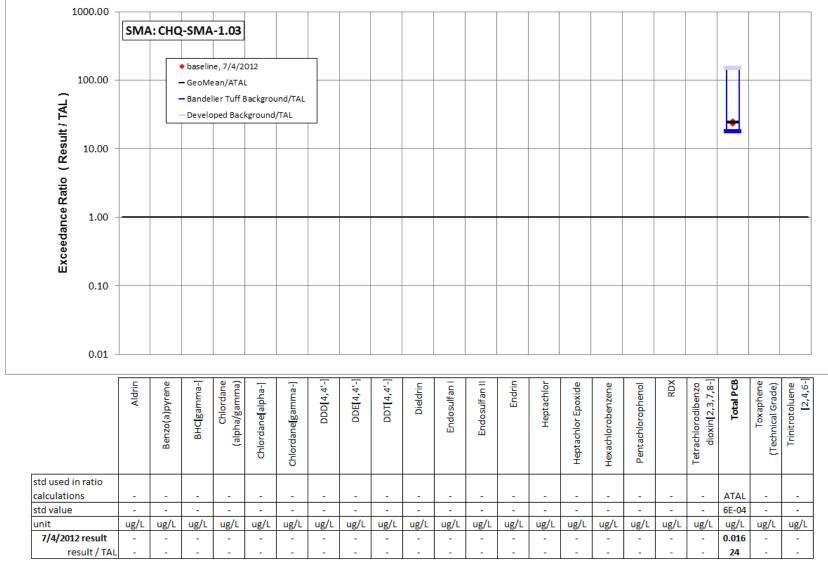


Figure 242-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-1.03

243.0 CHQ-SMA-2: SWMUs 33-004(d) and 33-007(c) and AOC C-33-003

243.1 Site Descriptions

Three historical industrial activity areas are associated with Q003, CHQ-SMA-2: Sites 33-004(d), 33-007(c), and C-33-003.

SWMU 33-004(d) consists of an active septic tank (structure 33-121) and associated drainline and drain field located in TA-33, Area 6. Septic tank 33-121 is located approximately 50 ft southeast of building 33-1. Building 33-1 was used from 1948 to 1955 to support nonexplosive initiator tests conducted at Area 6. After 1955, building 33-1 was used as office space and for storage until use of the building was discontinued in 1991. A 1993 study of drains and discharges at TA-33 identified the only discharges to the septic system were from a lavatory, toilet, and sink drain. Although the building was removed from the Site in 1994, the septic tank is still in place.

The septic tank is constructed of corrugated iron and has a capacity of 500 gal. Septic tank 33-121 received wastewater from a toilet and sink in a laboratory building (33-1). While building 33-1 was in use, effluent was discharged from the septic tank to a drain field located approximately 20 ft east of the tank. The drain field is constructed of a single row of vitrified-clay tiles installed in gravel approximately 5 ft belowgrade. In addition, the RFI work plan stated that there is a buried outfall from the drain field in a side wash of Chaquehui Canyon. Land surface at the tank location slopes east approximately 200 ft to a shallow drainage eroded into the bedrock that flows south.

SWMU 33-004(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-004(d).

SWMU 33-007(c) consists of abandoned firing sites associated with the initiator tests conducted at Area 6. The firing sites included firing pads and two catcher boxes. One pad was located immediately west of building 33-0016. The catcher boxes were located approximately 20 ft south of building 33-0016 and were approximately 6 × 6 ft, constructed of timber, and filled with soil, wood chips, and vermiculite. Guns (2- to 5-in. bore) were placed on the concrete pads and used to fire projectiles containing test assemblies into targets placed in front of the catcher boxes. Materials used in the projectiles included beryllium, polonium-210, uranium, copper, lead, tungsten, and stainless steel. The projectiles frequently cracked open, contaminating the pads and surrounding area with polonium-210. Contaminated areas on the guns and pads were painted with lead-based paint to fix surface contamination. Several other firing pads were on a level area excavated into a basaltic cinder cone southwest of building 33-0016. This area was used to test nuclear gun mock-ups. A 4-in. to 5-in. bore gun was used to fire projectiles into the back of the excavation. The back of the excavation currently extends about 75 ft farther back than when the Site was used. A 1951 memorandum describes a test at Area 6 that resulted in leakage of radioactive material from a projectile. The Site was cleaned up by using a bulldozer to scrape away the contaminated soil and embankment. A 1954 memorandum describes decontamination of one of the Area 6 gun barrels. The memorandum describes removing loose material and leaving impregnated spots as high as 1 million cpm. Contaminated surface dirt was bulldozed from the shot area into the adjacent canyon.

During the 1995 IA conducted at SWMU 33-007(c), the Site was stabilized to prevent migration of metals and isotopic uranium contamination identified during the RFI. In 1996, approximately 200 yd³ of soil was removed from the catcher boxes and processed as part of a pilot test to verify the effectiveness of

processes for remediating uranium-contaminated soil. Sampling results for the processed soil showed mean activities for uranium-234, uranium-235, and uranium-238 of 15.8 pCi/g, 0.515 pCi/g, and 15.7 pCi/g, respectively; the processed soil was returned to the catcher boxes. Experimental projectiles totaling 1720 lb were also discovered in the soil from the catcher boxes and were subsequently characterized and disposed of as LLW.

SWMU 33-007(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33 007(c).



AOC C-33-003 consists of two former fill areas located at Main Site in TA-33. Fill was placed in these areas to provide level sites for portable trailers. One of the trailers (structure 33-169) was installed next to the Main Site water tower. The filled area to accommodate trailer 33-169 is approximately $100 \times 100 \times 4$ ft deep. The other trailer (structure 33-170) was installed north of building 33-114. The filled area to accommodate trailer 33-170 is approximately $70 \times 90 \times 7$ ft deep. Both trailers were installed

in January 1984 and removed in June 1988. After the trailers were removed, no further improvements were made to these Sites. Three projectiles, one of which contained uranium, were discovered at the fill area near the water tower during brush-clearing activities conducted during the spring of 1996. The source of these projectiles appears to have been the fill material, which was obtained from the cinder cone located in Area 6, just west of Main Site. Historically, projectiles were fired into catcher boxes at the base of the cinder cone during experiments conducted at the Area 6 firing area [SWMU 33-007(c)].

During a 1999 VCA, fill material was excavated until native soil or tuff was encountered. A total of 408.5 yd³ of fill material was excavated. Radiation surveys of the excavated areas showed no readings greater than 2 times soil background. Confirmation samples verified cleanup levels were achieved. The excavated material was transported to a Segmented Gate System treatment plant, where radioactive materials were separated from the fill and disposed of. A total of 1.45 yd³ of contaminated fill was separated and disposed of as LLW. Treated fill samples verified cleanup levels were achieved. The decontaminated fill was returned to the Site and the Site was restored and revegetated.

AOC C-33-003 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available for AOC C-33-003 from the 1999 VCA confirmation samples.

The project map (Figure 243-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

243.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 243-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on October 28, 2015, and submitted to EPA on October 30, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 243-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00302040023	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00303010030	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00303020028	Base Course Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00303020029	Base Course Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00303020053	Base Course Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00303020054	Base Course Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00303040015	Asphalt Berm	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00303140031	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00303140032	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00303140033	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00303140034	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010035	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00306010036	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010037	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010038	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010039	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010040	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010041	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010042	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010043	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010044	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010045	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010046	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010047	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010048	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010049	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00306010050	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010051	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00306010052	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

243.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-004(d) and 33-007(c) and AOC C-33-003 are monitored within CHQ-SMA-2. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 4, 2012 (Figure 243-2). In Figure 243-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Aluminum concentration of 967 µg/L (MTAL is 750 µg/L),
- Copper concentration of 6.75 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L), and
- Gross-alpha activity of 91.2 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-004(d):

- No soil sampling has been performed under the Consent Order. RFI samples were analyzed for TCLP metals rather than total metals, so aluminum and copper were not analytes.
- RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or alpha-emitting radionuclides because they were not identified as potential contaminants at this Site.
- Aluminum, copper, and alpha-emitting radionuclides are not associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site, although laboratory bench-scale quantities of aluminum were
 used in growing crystals.

SWMU 33-007(c):

Potential contaminants associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site are metals, including copper, lead, and zinc, and radionuclides, including uranium. Consent Order soil sampling has not yet been conducted at SWMU 33-007(c).

- Aluminum—Soil samples previously collected at the Site were not analyzed for aluminum because this constituent is not associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Copper—Soil samples previously collected at the Site were not analyzed for copper. Although
 copper is associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site, the quantities
 managed are believed to be low.
- Gross alpha—Uranium was detected above the BV in previous RFI soil samples with a maximum uranium concentration 40 times BV.

In summary, based on site history, it was determined that the Site is an unlikely source of aluminum and copper in storm water results above TALs. Uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes, is associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site and was detected substantially above BV in soil samples. Uranium isotopes, however, are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. No other alpha-emitting radionuclides are known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. Based on site history, previous sampling results, and calculation of adjusted gross alpha, the Site is an unlikely source of adjusted gross alpha above the ATAL in storm water.

AOC C-33-003:

- Aluminum was not detected above BV in previous RFI soil samples collected at the Site.
 Aluminum is not associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above BVs in 14 of 17 shallow VCA samples at a maximum concentration 4.1 times the tuff BV.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to have been associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. VCA samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity
 but were analyzed for isotopic uranium, which contains alpha-emitting radionuclides.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BV, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 243-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 243-2.

Most of the CHQ-SMA-2 drainage area is located on Bandelier Tuff, and minimal run-on occurs from developed facilities (i.e., buildings, pavement, and parking lots); therefore, calculated storm water UTLs from samples containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff were compared with aluminum, copper and gross-alpha MTAL and ATAL exceedances. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals. Aluminum is a major component of Bandelier Tuff, and copper is associated with trace minerals in the Bandelier Tuff as well.

- Aluminum—The aluminum UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 2210 μg/L; the result from 2012 is less than this value.
- Copper—The copper UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 µg/L; the result from 2012 is greater than this value.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for storm water containing sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L; the result from 2012 is less than this value.

All of the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2012 Annual Report.

243.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-2 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

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Table 243-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45944	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46107	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49013	8-6-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51299	10-28-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-50226	9-10-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-50227	9-17-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-50547	9-23-2015
Verification Inspection for Enhanced Controls	BMP-50559	10-5-2015

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

 Table 243-3
 Maintenance during 2015

Maintenance Reference	Maintenance Conducted	Maintenance Date	Response Time	Response Discussion
BMP-46101	Installed new straw wattle directly upgradient of existing wattle Q003030600024 as a replacement. Inspected asphalt berm Q00303040015 and base course berms Q00303020001 and Q00303020006.	5-29-2015	11 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.
BMP-46266	Installed four lines of coir logs on bare slope between building 33-0016 and fence south of building. Applied seed to slope between and around coir logs and lightly rake in. Installed three new rock check dams in main channel above sampler location. Substantially modified all existing rock check dams in main channel by adding angular rock to build up height and extending ends. Substantially modified rock check dam Q00306010008 by adding angular rock to build up height and extend both ends.	9-15-2015	13 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.
BMP-50909	Three existing rock check dams were built up with angular rock to and three additional rock check dams were installed. Rock from rock check dam Q00306010008 was used to build an upstream replacement for -0008. Seven new straw wattles were installed on the hillslope (not tracked as controls).	10-7-2015	22 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.

243.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-2 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 243-4 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-004(d)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-007(c)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."
AOC C-33-003	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, October 28, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Nine (9) Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

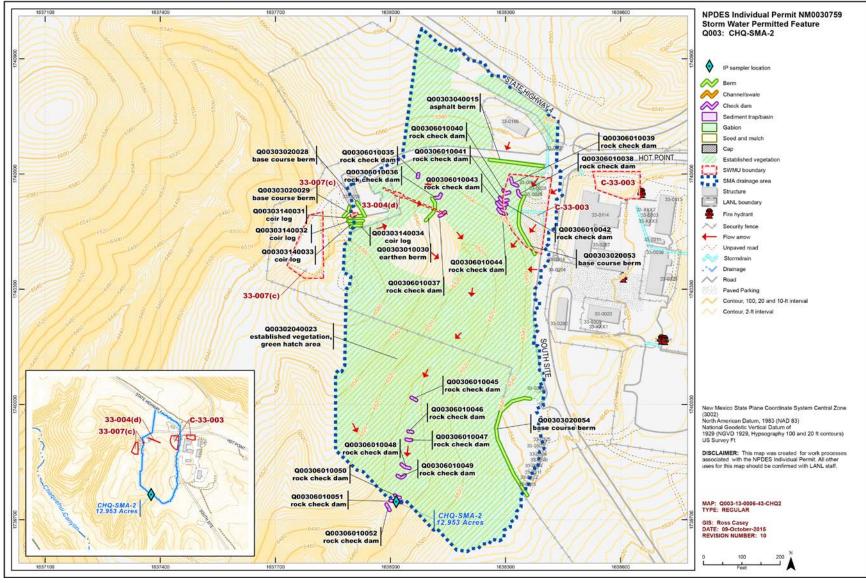


Figure 243-1 CHQ-SMA-2 location map



100.00 SMA: CHQ-SMA-2 baseline, 7/4/2012 - GeoMean/ATAL 10.00 Exceedance Ratio (Result / TAL) - Bandelier Tuff Background/TAL Developed Background/TAL \Diamond 1.00 \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond 0.10 \Diamond 0.01 Radium-226 and Radium-228 Cyanide, weak acid dissociable Aluminum Boron Cadmium Mercury Silver Vanadium Antimony Arsenic Cobalt Copper Lead Zinc Nicke Selenium Thallium Gross alpha Chromium std used in ratio calculations MTAL ATAL ATAL ATAL MQL MTAL ATAL MTAL MTAL ATAL MTAL ATAL MQL ATAL ATAL MTAL MQL ATAL ATAL std value 750 1000 0.77 30 640 9 5000 1 210 4.3 17 170 5 0.5 6.3 100 42 0.01 15 unit ug/L mg/L pCi/L pCi/L ug/L 7/4/2012 result 967 5 20.3 10 6.75 0.777 0.174 2.44 2.83 5.71 0.005 91.1 20.6 3.69 2.48 result / TAL 0.005 0.56 0.0041 0.048 0.0037 1.6 0.046 0.23 0.015 0.49 0.32 0.14 6.1 0.69 1.3 0.028 0.5

Bold font indicates result>TAL/MQL; italic font and hollow symbols indicate undetected results; "-" is used if no analytical results were available.

Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-2

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244.0 CHQ-SMA-3.05: SWMU 33-010(f)

244.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q004, CHQ-SMA-3.05: Site 33-010(f).

SWMU 33-010(f) consists of a surface disposal area at TA-33. The history of the Site and the origins of the wastes are not known. The 1990 SWMU report states the SWMU was observed during a 1987 reconnaissance conducted by the former ER Project and describes it as concrete, cans, and metal pieces that littered the area east of former building 33-0086. The RFI report describes this SWMU as consisting of two small surface disposal areas located 300 ft southeast of former building 33-0086 and approximately 50 ft apart. One of the areas is described as approximately 15 ft² and the other as approximately 200 ft². Materials at the Site included pieces of concrete; piles of tuff and cured asphalt; rusted metal cans, rebar, and strapping bands; and other debris. Although the source of these materials is not known, some materials are believed to be associated with roadwork activities. During the 2005 VCA implemented at SWMUs 33-002(a, b, and c), directly northwest of SWMU 33-010(f), no debris was visible at this SWMU or anywhere around the SWMU.

SWMU 33-010(f) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-010(f).

The project map (Figure 244-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

244.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 244-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 10, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 17, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 244-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00401030016	Hydromulch	-	-	Х	-	EC
Q00402040009	Established Vegetation	-	Χ	Х	-	В
Q00403010015	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00403060002	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00403120014	Rock Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00403140010	Coir Log	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00403140011	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00403140012	Coir Log	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00403140013	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

244.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 33-010(f) is monitored within CHQ-SMA-3.05. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 10, 2013 (Figures 244-2 and 244-3). In Figure 244-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Gross-alpha activity of 60.3 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L) and
- PCB concentration of 0.9 ng/L (ATAL is 0.6 ng/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-010(f):

Although no soil samples have been collected under the Consent Order, screening-level RFI data are available for this Site.

- Soil samples collected from during the 1993 RFI at the Site were not analyzed for PCBs because
 they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at
 this Site.
- RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed by gamma spectroscopy. However, alpha-emitting radionuclides were not included because they are not known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 244-2 and 244-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 244-2 and 244-3.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-3.05 receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.
- PCBs—The PCB UTL from background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 11.7 ng/L. The PCB result from 2013 is less than this value.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

The monitoring station for CHQ-SMA-3.05 has been relocated. The new location of the sampler is approximately 10 ft west of the retired location. The sampler is positioned to be in a more representative location after enhanced control measure installation. Sampler coordinates and the SMA drainage area are updated in Attachment 4. The sampling suites are listed in Attachment 5. A summary of this information is presented in Table 4 of the Overview.

244.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-3.05 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 244-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45949	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46112	6-2-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49018	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51300	11-12-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46214	5-26-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46215	5-28-2015
Verification Inspection for Enhanced Controls	BMP-46551	6-9-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-3.05 in 2015.

244.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CHQ-SMA-3.05 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative compliance at the end of 2015.

Table 244-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-010(f)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Controls Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 10, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

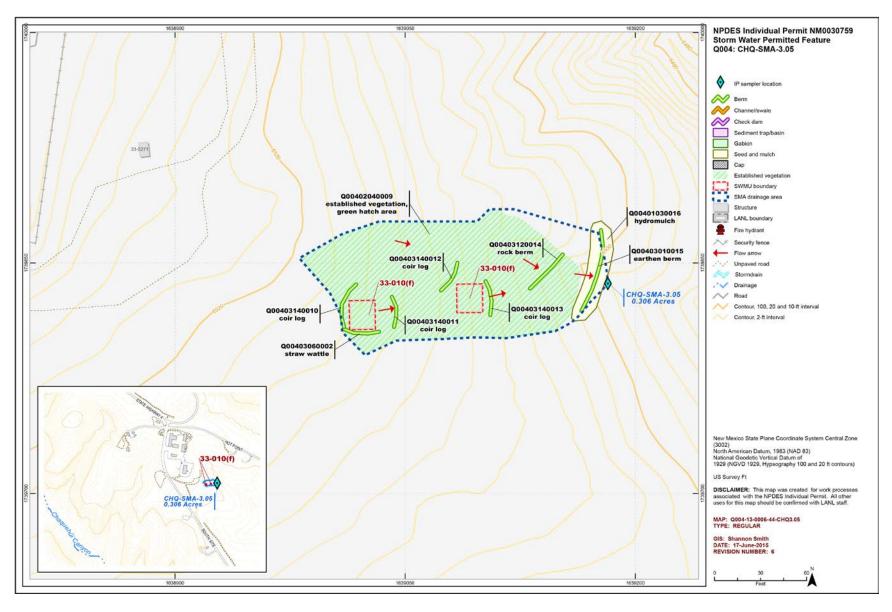


Figure 244-1 CHQ-SMA-3.05 location map

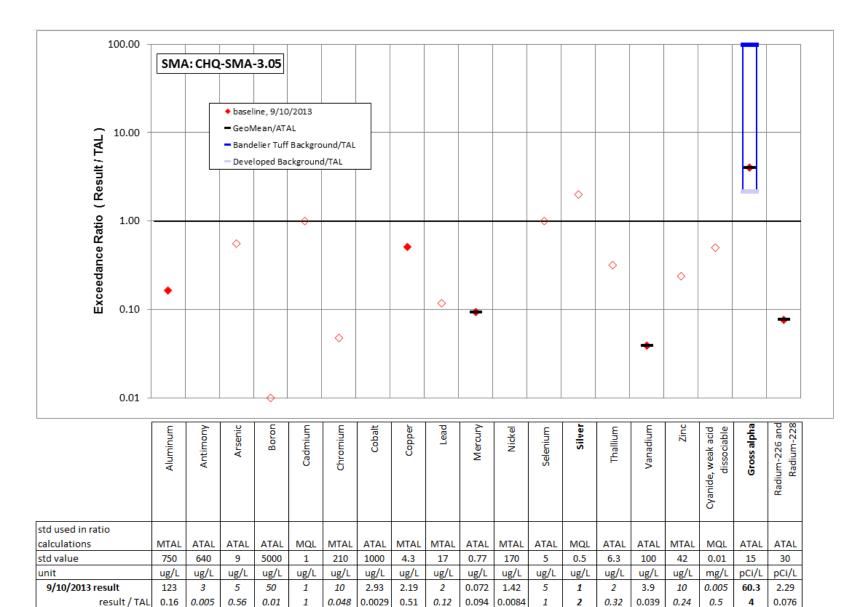
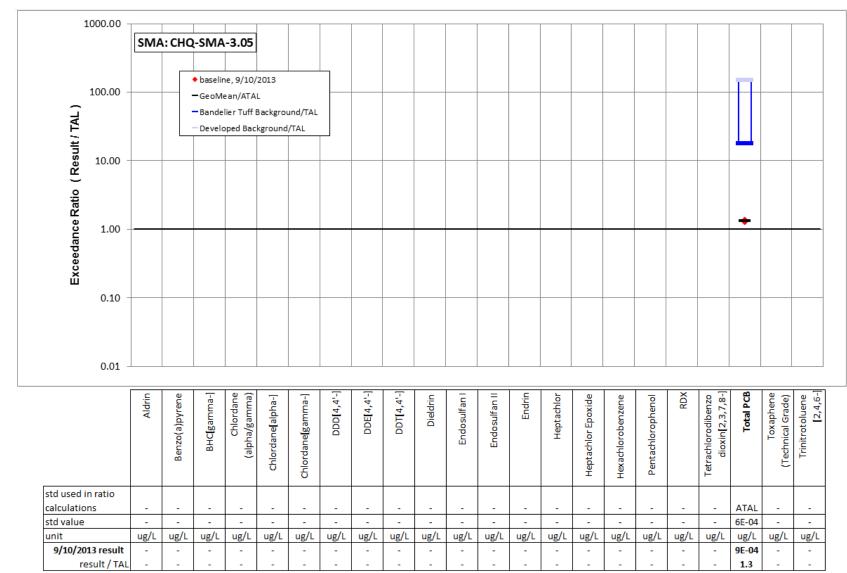


Figure 244-2 Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-3.05

Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016



Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-3.05 **Figure 244-3**

245.0 CHQ-SMA-4: SWMU 33-011(e)

245.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q005, CHQ-SMA-4: Site 33-011(e).

SWMU 33-011(e) is a former drum-storage area located at the south end of TA-33 Main Site, approximately 30 ft northwest of building 33-0022, a former HE storage magazine. The area is unpaved and gradually slopes to the southwest. Drums containing unknown materials were previously stored in this area. The date the materials were first stored at this Site is not known. At the time the OU 1122 RFI work plan was prepared in 1992, all drums had been removed from the Site and the area had been cleared. The Site has not been used since that time.

SWMU 33-011(e) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; no decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-011(e).

The project map (Figure 245-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted



on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

245.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 245-1).

Table 245-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00502040019	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00503010020	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00503060006	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00503140021	Coir Log	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00503140022	Coir Log	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00506010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00506010004	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00506010005	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

245.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CHQ-SMA-4. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

245.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-4 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 245-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45945	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46108	5-28-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49014	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51301	11-12-2015

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 245-3 Maintenance during 2015

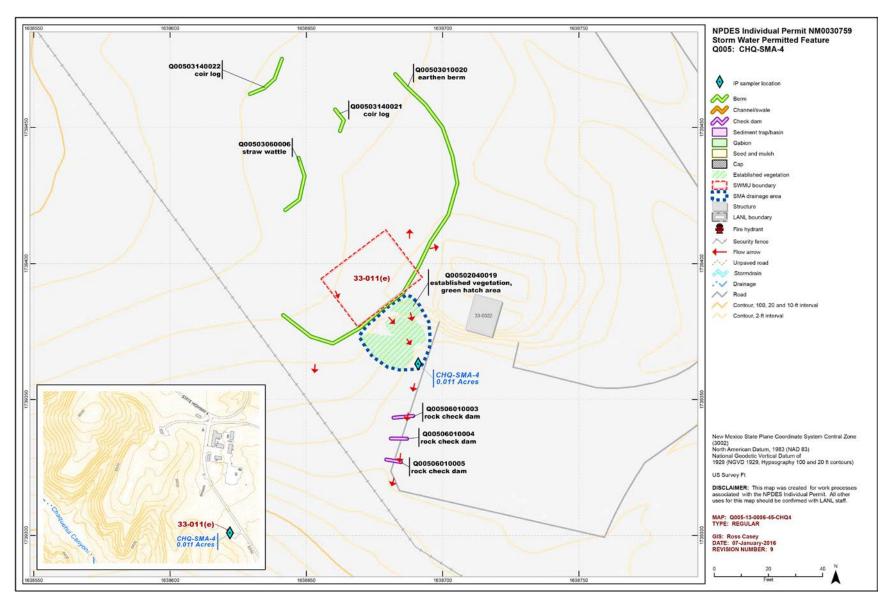
Maintenance Reference	Maintenance Conducted	Maintenance Date	Response Time	Response Discussion
BMP-46206	Modified earthen berm Q00503010020 by increasing height approximately 1 ft. Removed existing matting, added berm fill and compacted, and applied seed. Applied new coconut matting.	6-4-2015	17 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.
BMP-52027	Installed two lines of coir logs across small flow path northwest of earthen berm Q00503010020.	11-25-2015	13 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.

245.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CHQ-SMA-4 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 245-4 Compliance Status during 2015

	Compliance Status	Compliance Status	
Site	on Jan 1, 2015	on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-011(e)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 4-30-2012.



CHQ-SMA-4 location map Figure 245-1

246.0 CHQ-SMA-4.1: SWMU 33-016

246.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q006, CHQ-SMA-4.1: Site 33-016.

SWMU 33-016 consists of a formerly used sump and associated drainline and outfall at a process bunker (structure 33-0023) located in the southern portion of Main Site at TA-33. The concrete sump is 3 × 2 × 2 ft deep and is located next to the northwest corner of the bunker's exterior wall, near the door. A drainline leads from the sump to an outfall approximately 250 ft southwest of the building to a small side canyon to Chaquehui Canyon. The sump was connected to a sink and floor drain in the bunker, which was constructed in 1950. From 1950 to 1972, the bunker was used as a trim building to prepare propellant charges for gun tests at South Site. Structure 33-0023 was subsequently used until 1994 to store lithologic cores from the Hot Dry Rock Program. In addition to the sink and floor drain, the sump also may have received rainwater and snowmelt. The VCA implemented at SWMU 33-016 in 1995 involved removing the sump contents, filling the sump with approximately 3 yd³ of sand and gravel and capping the sump with 1 ft of concrete. The sump contents were characterized and determined to be nonhazardous.

SWMU 33-016 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-016.

The project map (Figure 246-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

246.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 246-1).

Table 246-1 Active Control Measures

			Purpose of Control			Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00602040008	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00603060009	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00603060010	Straw Wattle	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00606010002	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00606010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

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246.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMU 33-016 is monitored within CHQ-SMA-4.1. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on September 13, 2013 (Figures 246-2 and 246-3). In Figure 246-2, cadmium, selenium, and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedance:

• Gross-alpha activity of 34.5 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-016:

None of the 5 shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) samples collected during the 1993 RFI at the Site
were analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity or any other radionuclides because they are not
known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site.
Radionuclides were not detected in the sludge removed from the sump. The RFI data are
screening level only; no decision-level data are available for this Site.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 246-2 and 246-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 246-2 and 246-3.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-4.1 receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

 Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

246.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-4.1 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 246-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45950	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46113	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49019	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51302	11-12-2015

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No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-4.1 in 2015.

246.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CHQ-SMA-4.1 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 246-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-016	Corrective Action Initiated	Alternative Compliance Requested	LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross- Alpha Radioactivity."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA.

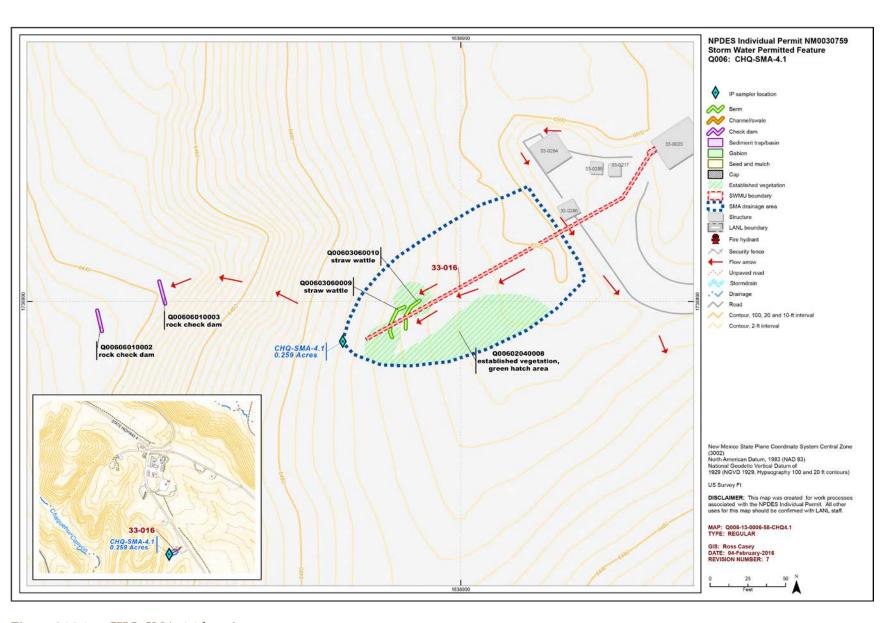


Figure 246-1 CHQ-SMA-4.1 location map

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100.00 SMA: CHQ-SMA-4.1 baseline, 9/13/2013 10.00 Exceedance Ratio (Result / TAL) GeoMean/ATAL - Bandelier Tuff Background/TAL Developed Background/TAL \Diamond 1.00 \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond \Diamond 0.10 \Diamond 0.01 Radium-226 and Radium-228 Boron Lead Mercury Arsenic Cobalt Copper Vanadium Zinc Gross alpha Cadmium Nicke Selenium Thallium Aluminum Antimony Chromium Cyanide, weak acid dissociable std used in ratio calculations MTAL ATAL ATAL ATAL MQL MTAL ATAL MTAL MTAL ATAL MTAL ATAL MQL ATAL ATAL MTAL MQL ATAL ATAL std value 750 5000 4.3 100 640 9 1 210 1000 17 0.77 170 5 0.5 6.3 42 0.01 15 30 unit ug/L mg/L pCi/L pCi/L 9/13/2013 result 268 5 50 10 2.21 0.097 0.702 5 1.54 10 0.005 34.5 3.49 2.06 result / TAL 0.36 0.005 0.56 0.01 0.048 0.0021 0.51 0.12 0.13 0.0041 0.32 0.015 0.24 0.5 0.12 2.3

Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-4.1 **Figure 246-2**

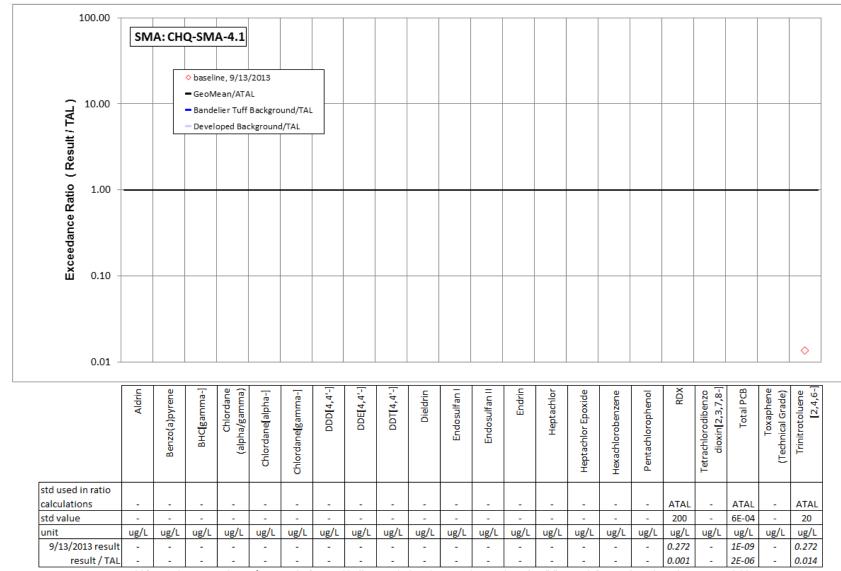


Figure 246-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-4.1

247.0 CHQ-SMA-4.5: AOC 33-011(b)

247.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q007, CHQ-SMA-4.5: Site 33-011(b).

AOC 33-011(b) consists of a former storage area located just outside the northwest corner of the National Radio Astronomy Observatory site at TA 33. This storage area was approximately 300 ft wide × 600 ft long. Beginning in the 1950s, the Site served as a storage area for equipment and materials such as tungsten, uranium, and beryllium. Equipment used at the TA-33 firing sites was also stored at the Site. The storage area was cleaned in 1984, and most materials and debris were removed at that time, although some debris remained. Approximately 75% of the area was scraped and leveled to or near the tuff bedrock. During the 1996 VCA, all remaining surface debris was removed from the Site. A total of 2 yd³ of nonhazardous/nonradioactive debris and 0.5 ft³ of radioactive debris was removed. No confirmation samples were collected during the VCA because no soil was removed.

SWMU 33-011(b) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-011(b).

The project map (Figure 247-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

247.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 247-1).

Table 247-1 Active Control Measures

			Purpose of Control			Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00702040010	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00703010009	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00703060014	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00703140017	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00703140018	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00703140019	Coir Log	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00706010002	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00706010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: additional baseline control measure.

EC: enhanced control measure.

247.3 Storm Water Monitoring

AOC 33-011(b) is monitored within CHQ-SMA-4.5. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 25, 2013 (Figure 247-2). In Figure 247-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedance:

• Gross-alpha activity of 103 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

AOC 33-011(b):

Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
historically managed at the Site. Although no soil samples have been collected under the
Consent Order, RFI screening-level soil data are available for this Site. None of the 10 shallow
(i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) samples collected during the 1994 RFI were analyzed for gross-alpha
radioactivity but were analyzed using gamma spectroscopy, which is capable of detecting
americium-241 and uranium-235. No alpha-emitting radionuclides were detected.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled "Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figure 247-2. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figure 247-2.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-4.5 receives storm water run-on from landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

• Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is less than this value.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

247.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-4.5 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 247-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45951	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46114	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49020	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51303	11-12-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-4.5 in 2015.

247.5 Compliance Status

The Site associated with CHQ-SMA-4.5 is a Moderate Priority Site. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 247-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
AOC 33-011(b)	Corrective Action Initiated	Alternative Compliance Requested	LANL, May 6, 2015, "Alternative Compliance Request for 19 Site Monitoring Area/Site Combinations Exceeding Target Action Levels for Gross-Alpha Radioactivity."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for the Site in this SMA.

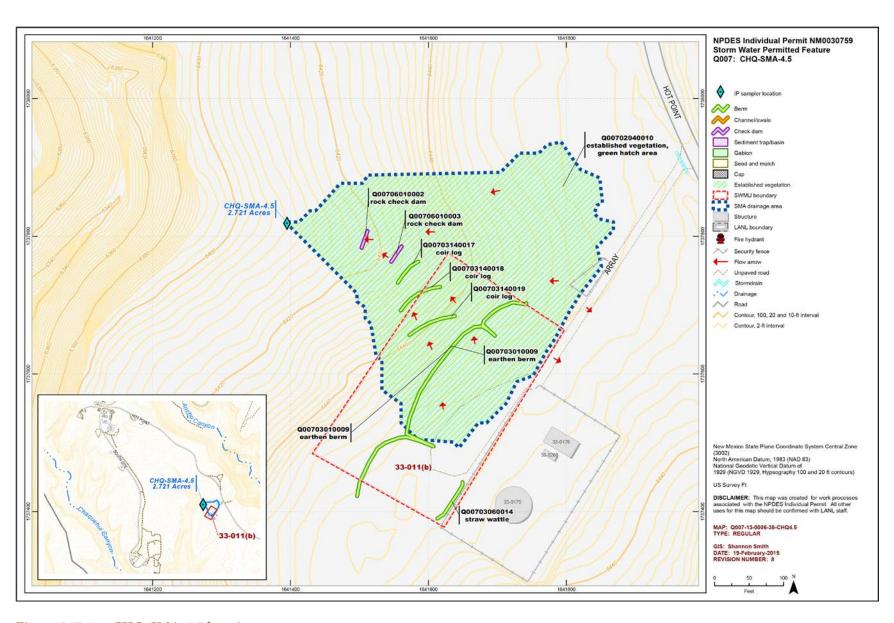
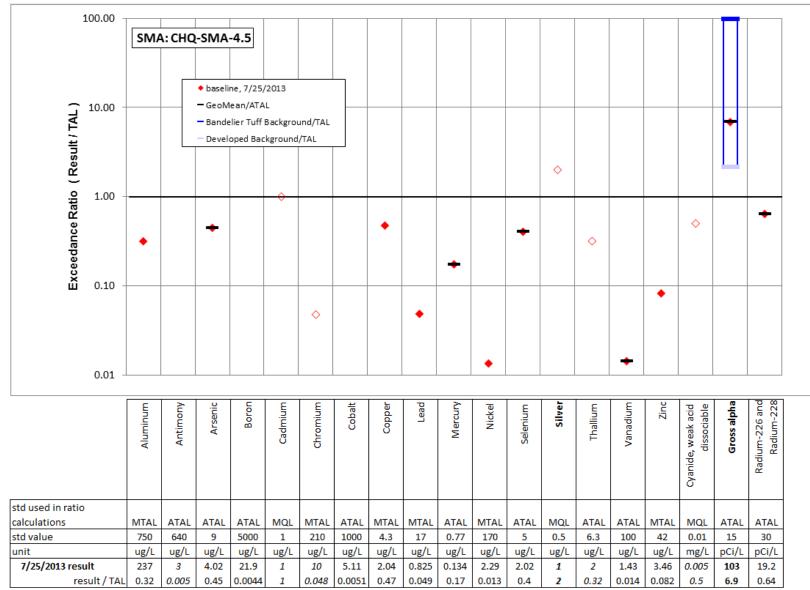


Figure 247-1 CHQ-SMA-4.5 location map



Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-4.5 **Figure 247-2**

248.0 CHQ-SMA-5.05: SWMU 33-007(b)

248.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q008, CHQ-SMA-5.05: Site 33-007(b).

SWMU 33-007(b) consists of two inactive gun firing sites at TA-33. The first area is located approximately 600 ft north of structure 33-0026 [SWMU 33-006(a)] and consists of a $6-\times 6$ -ft concrete pad and gun mount (structure 33-0085), a u-shaped soil berm (structure 33-0043), and a catcher box. The berm and catcher box were constructed in August 1950. The concrete pad and gun mount were constructed in June 1952. This area was used to test free-recoil weapons. Tests involved firing projectiles into the berm and the catcher box. Projectiles fired from the guns contained uranium, beryllium, titanium, and tritium housed inside steel casings.

The other gun firing site was located on the west side of South Site and included a gun building (structure 33-0025) and a berm (structure 33-0063). The gun building housed 2- to 4-in. bore guns that were used to fire projectiles into the structure 33-0063 berm, which consisted of a mound of soil approximately $50 \times 50 \times 10$ ft high. The projectiles used at this Site contained uranium, beryllium, and tungsten. South Site activities were discontinued in the late 1950s. The Site was used to support atmospheric physics measurements in the late 1980s and early 1990s. Structures associated with these activities include a tower (structure 33-203) constructed in 1987 and two trailers (structures 33-201 and 33-202).

A VCA was performed in 1999 during which time berm 33-0063 was removed. Treated soil was returned to the location of the former berm, and the Site was graded and compacted. Recently, approximately 1 to 2 ft of engineered fill has been placed over the location of the former berm. Building 33-0025 was renovated in 2005 and 2006.

SWMU 33-007(b) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level soil data are available for this Site. Screening-level data are available from the 1995 RFI and the 1999 VCA.

The project map (Figure 248-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

248.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 248-1).

Table 248-1 Active Control Measures

			Purpose of Control			Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00802040008	Established Vegetation	-	X	X	-	В
Q00803020006	Base Course Berm	-	X	-	Х	СВ
Q00804060002	Riprap	-	Х	X	-	СВ
Q00804060005	Riprap	Х	-	X	-	СВ
Q00804060007	Riprap	-	Х	Х	-	СВ
Q00806010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	X	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

248.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CHQ-SMA-5.05. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

248.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-5.05 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 248-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45954	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46117	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49023	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51304	11-12-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-5.05 in 2015.

248.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-5.05 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP (i.e., November 2015). The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 248-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-007(b)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 10-31-2011.

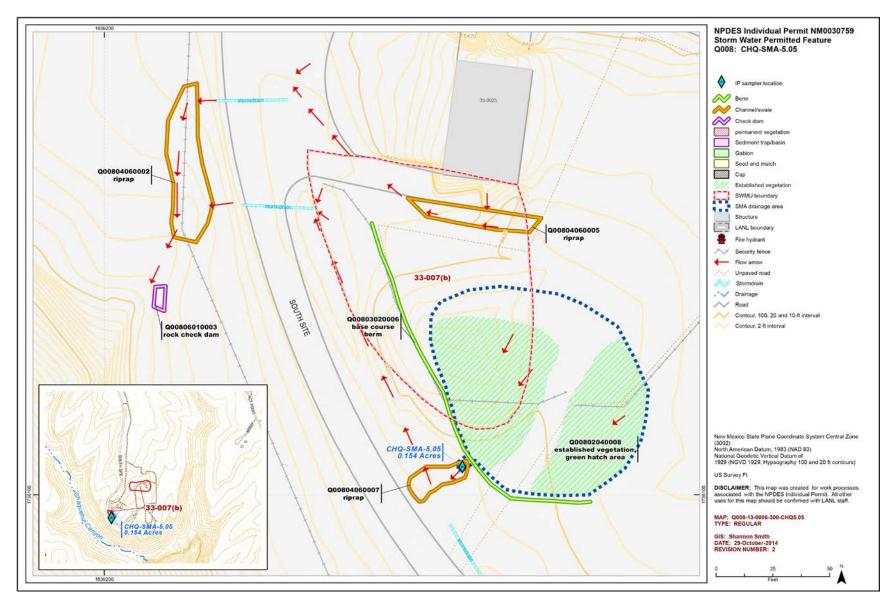


Figure 248-1 CHQ-SMA-5.05 location map

249.0 CHQ-SMA-6: SWMUs 33-004(j), 33-006(a), 33-007(b), 33-010(c), 33-010(g), 33-010(h), and 33-014

249.1 Site Descriptions

Seven historical industrial activity areas are associated with Q009, CHQ-SMA-6: Sites 33-004(j), 33-006(a), 33-007(b), 33-010(c), 33-010(g), 33-010(h), and 33-014.

SWMU 33-004(j) is an outfall at the end of a 4-in. steel pipe used to drain storm water from the entrance pad to building 33-26. Building 33-0026 is the x-unit vault for the South Site firing pad at TA-35 and formerly housed electronics used to control experiments conducted on the firing pad. These experiments were conducted from 1950 to 1956, and the vault is now empty. Structure 33-0026 was abandoned in 1956 along with the drainline and outfall.

The vault was cut into the tuff and the entrance pad to the vault is located belowgrade. The drainline runs from the entrance pad, which is on the south side of building 33-26, approximately 200 ft south to the outfall. The outfall is located in a small arroyo that drains south to Chaquehui Canyon. A culvert at the upper end of this arroyo, upstream of the outfall, also may have received storm runoff from the vault entrance pad. No hazardous materials are known to have been used in building 33-26, but the entrance pad may have been contaminated with debris from the SWMU 33-006(a) firing pad, located above the vault.

SWMU 33-004(j) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-004(j).

SWMU 33-006(a) consists of an inactive shot pad at TA-33 South Site and the surrounding area that potentially was impacted by shrapnel and debris from implosion tests conducted at the pad. This area extends to a radius of approximately 1.1 mi around the shot pad. Operations at South Site began in June 1950 and continued until 1955. The shot pad has been inactive since that time. The shot pad is approximately 40 ft in diameter and encompasses building 33-26, which housed electronic equipment associated with the tests. The tests conducted at SWMU 33-006(a) involved initiator devices placed inside uranium shells and imploded with HE. The amount of HE used in each test ranged from 275 to 5000 lb. Before detonations, the assemblies were placed in copper cans for electrical shielding and covered with wooden boxes. The detonations spread shrapnel, including copper and uranium, throughout the South Site valley. Reportedly, two to three shots were made per week. Runoff from the firing pad flows to an arroyo, which drains south to Chaquehui Canyon.

An IA was performed at SWMU 33-006(a) in 1996 to remove contaminated debris within a half-mile radius from the shot pad and to prevent the off-site migration into Chaquehui Canyon. Firing-site shrapnel and debris were removed from mesa-top areas and drainages along the southern rim of Chaquehui Canyon within Bandelier National Monument, from drainage channels along the northern rim of Chaquehui Canyon, and from the canyon bottom. Since 1996, the entire area south of building 33-0025 [SWMU 33-007(b)] has been significantly disturbed by the installation of new utilities during the complete renovation of building 33-0025. Currently, the pad is covered with up to a foot or more of sand and firing site debris.

SWMU 33-006(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for

Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-006(a).

SWMU 33-007(b) consists of two inactive gun firing sites at TA-33. The first area is located approximately 600 ft north of structure 33-0026 [SWMU 33-006(a)] and consists of a $6-\times 6$ -ft concrete pad and gun mount (structure 33-0085), a u-shaped soil berm (structure 33-0043), and a catcher box. The berm and catcher box were constructed in August 1950. The concrete pad and gun mount were constructed in June 1952. This area was used to test free-recoil weapons. Tests involved firing projectiles into the berm and the catcher box. Projectiles fired from the guns contained uranium, beryllium, titanium, and tritium housed inside steel casings.

The other gun firing site was located on the west side of South Site and included a gun building (structure 33-0025) and a berm (structure 33-0063). The gun building housed 2- to 4-in. bore guns that were used to fire projectiles into the structure 33-0063 berm, which consisted of a mound of soil approximately $50 \times 50 \times 10$ ft high. The projectiles used at this Site contained uranium, beryllium, and tungsten. South Site activities were discontinued in the late 1950s. The Site was used to support atmospheric physics measurements in the late 1980s and early 1990s. Structures associated with these activities include a tower (structure 33-203) constructed in 1987 and two trailers (structures 33-201 and 33-202).

A VCA was performed in 1999 during which time berm 33-0063 was removed. Treated soil was returned back to the location of the former berm, and the Site was graded and compacted. Recently, approximately 1 to 2 ft of engineered fill has been placed over the location of the former berm. Building 33-0025 was renovated in 2005 and 2006.

SWMU 33-007(b) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work

CHQ-SMA-6, Redi Rock Berm, Q00903150043, (Photo ID 46213-26)

plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision level soil data are available for this Site. Screening-level data are available from the 1995 RFI and the 1999 VCA.

SWMU 33-010(c) consists of a former surface disposal area located at South Site on the northern rim of Chaquehui Canyon, approximately 230 ft south of structure 33-0026. The disposal area dimensions were approximately $50 \times 30 \times 2$ ft to 4 ft deep. The area is located along the western edge of the main South Site drainage channel. From approximately 1950 to 1955, this Site was used to dispose of debris from the implosion tests conducted at SWMU 33-006(a). Debris disposed of at the Site includes copper and aluminum shrapnel, pieces of electronic cable, and wood. Between shots, the shot pad and surrounding area were scraped and the debris deposited at SWMU 33-010(c). SWMU 33-010(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available from the 1999 VCA.

During the 1999 VCA, the debris pile was excavated and removed. Soil with radioactivity levels above the cleanup criterion removed during the VCA was disposed of at Area G; soil with radioactivity levels below the cleanup criterion was returned to the SWMU boundaries. The treated soil was then regraded, compacted, and reseeded with native vegetation. Confirmation samples collected during the 1999 VCA

included samples from four locations within the excavated area and three surface samples from the drainage east of the disposal area

SWMU 33-010(g) consists of a former disposal area that was located on the south side of TA-33 South Site at the edge of Chaquehui Canyon. Debris was scattered along the rim and upper walls of the canyon. This former disposal area is located within the boundaries impacted by former activities at the SWMU 33-006(a) gun firing site. The firing pad for SWMU 33-006(a) is located approximately 500 ft northwest of the SWMU 33-010(g) disposal area. Some debris present at SWMU 33-010(g) (such as dead tree trunks, rocks, and scraped earth) reportedly resulted from the initial clearing of South Site. Other debris included chunks of metal. The period of operation for this disposal Site is not known, but firing-site operations associated with initiator testing at South Site were conducted from 1950 to 1956. A VCA conducted in 1995 resulted in the removal of 4 yd³ of nonhazardous, nonradioactive debris and 2 ft² of radioactive debris from the Site.

SWMU 33-010(g) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-010(g).

SWMU 33-010(h) consists of a surface disposal area located approximately 450 ft northeast of structure 33-0026 and immediately south of berm 33-0043. The area is a mound of dirt, and firing-site debris is scattered on the soil surface. The debris includes metal, wood, cable, and shrapnel. The area is approximately 100×100 ft. There is no documentation regarding the history of the disposal area. The main drainage for South Site bounds the disposal area on the west, and an unimproved road is located to the east. During the 1994 Phase I RFI, a geophysical survey was conducted to determine the presence of subsurface anomalies; none were identified. A backhoe was used to excavate a 42-ft-long trench (0.5–2 ft deep) through the center of the Site. Debris was not observed during the trenching activities. No shallow surface samples were collected during the RFI.

SWMU 33-010(h) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-010(h).

SWMU 33-014 consists of a former location of an open burn area located approximately 300 ft north of the fence surrounding MDA E [Consolidated Unit 33-001(a)-99]. This burn area was believed to have been established in 1950 when operations at South Site began and may have served all of TA-33. Materials burned at this Site may have included construction debris, timber, and sawdust used in catcher boxes, and black powder. It is not known when burning operations were discontinued at this Site. The soil at the burn site was scraped to bedrock, and some bedrock is blackened from burning.

SWMU 33-014 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision level soil data are available for this Site. Screening-level data are available from the 1994 RFI.

The project map (Figure 249-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

249.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 249-1).

Enhanced controls were installed and certified on August 10, 2015, and submitted to EPA on August 17, 2015, as part of corrective action. Photographs of the enhanced controls are available at http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/construction-certifications.php.

Table 249-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q00902040036	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q00903010017	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00903010041	Earthen Berm	-	Х	-	Х	EC
Q00903060035	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00903060040	Straw Wattle	-	Х	-	Х	В
Q00903120030	Rock Berm	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00903120031	Rock Berm	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00903120032	Rock Berm	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00903150043	Redi-Rock Berm	Х	-	-	Х	EC
Q00906010001	Rock Check Dam	-	X	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010007	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010008	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010011	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010018	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010021	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010022	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010023	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010024	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010025	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010026	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010027	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	СВ
Q00906010037	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00906010038	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00906010039	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q00906010042	Rock Check Dam	Х	-	-	Х	EC

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

249.3 Storm Water Monitoring

SWMUs 33-004(j), 33-006(a), 33-007(b), 33-010(c), 33-010(g), 33-010(h), and 33-014 are monitored within CHQ-SMA-6. Following the installation of baseline control measures, a baseline storm water sample was collected on July 25, 2013 (Figures 249-2 and 249-3). In Figure 249-2, cadmium and silver are reported as nondetectable results equal to or greater than their respective TALs. These values are reported at the PQL; however, the MDLs for these analytes are below the TALs. Analytical results from this sample yielded the following TAL exceedances:

- Copper concentration of 87.6 μg/L (MTAL is 4.3 μg/L) and
- Gross-alpha activity of 157 pCi/L (ATAL is 15 pCi/L).

Site history and shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) soil sampling data (where available) are used to determine whether the TAL exceedance constituent(s) may be related to historical industrial activities. The discussion is organized by Site and TAL exceedance constituent.

SWMU 33-004(j):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above the sediment BV in shallow (i.e., less than 3 ft bgs) RFI samples.
 Copper was detected above the sediment BV in 4 of 4 samples at a maximum concentration
 4.6 times the sediment BV. The RFI data are screening level only.
- Isotopic uranium is the only alpha-emitting radionuclide associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above the sediment BV in 4 of 4 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 10 times the sediment BV. However, uranium isotopes are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. The RFI data are screening level only.

SWMU 33-006(a):

- Copper is known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above soil and sediment BVs in shallow RFI samples. Copper was detected above the sediment BV in 11 of 11 drainage samples at a maximum concentration 36.3 times the sediment BV. Copper was also detected above the soil BV in 25 of 46 mesa top samples at a maximum concentration 1585 times the soil BV. The RFI data are screening level only.
- Uranium isotopes are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above the sediment BV in 11 of 11 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 183 times the sediment BV. Uranium was also detected above the soil BV in 28 of 46 mesa top samples at a maximum concentration 373 times the soil BV. Uranium isotopes are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity. The RFI data are screening level only.

SWMU 33-007(b):

 Copper was likely associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was detected above the soil and sediment BVs in 2 of 9 shallow RFI and VCA samples with a maximum concentration 1.4 times the sediment BV. Uranium isotopes are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. RFI and VCA samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Uranium-234, uranium-235/236, and uranium-238 were each detected above BVs in 2, 1, and 2 of 9 shallow soil and sediment samples with maximum activities 2.8, 1.6, and 3.1 times soil BVs, respectively. Uranium isotopes are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 33-010(c):

- Copper is known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.
 Copper was detected above the sediment BV in 5 of 5 shallow RFI samples with a maximum concentration 123 times the sediment BV. Copper was detected above soil, sediment, and tuff BVs in shallow VCA confirmation samples with a maximum concentration 52 times the sediment BV.
- Uranium isotopes are known to have been associated with industrial materials historically managed at this Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for total uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above soil and sediment BVs in 12 of 12 shallow samples with a maximum concentration 118 times the soil BV. VCA samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for uranium isotopes, which are alpha emitters. Uranium-234, uranium-235/236 and uranium-238 were each detected above BVs in 9 of 10 shallow soil and sediment samples with maximum activities 8, 6, and 11 times soil BVs, respectively. Uranium isotopes are excluded from the definition of adjusted gross-alpha radioactivity.

SWMU 33-010(g):

- Copper is not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site. Copper was not detected above BVs in shallow RFI samples.
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials
 historically managed at the Site. Uranium was not detected or detected above BVs in shallow RFI
 samples.

SWMU 33-010(h):

• Neither copper nor alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be associated with industrial materials historically managed at the Site.

SWMU 33-014:

- Copper is not known to be an industrial material historically managed at this Site. Copper was
 detected above the soil BV in 4 of 5 shallow RFI samples with a maximum concentration
 99 times the soil BV. Copper is, however, attributed to former firing site activities at nearby
 Site 33-006(a).
- Alpha-emitting radionuclides are not known to be industrial materials historically managed at
 this Site. RFI samples were not analyzed for gross-alpha radioactivity but were analyzed for total
 uranium, which has alpha-emitting isotopes. Uranium was detected above soil BV in 4 of 5
 shallow RFI samples with a maximum concentration 32 times the soil BV.

TAL exceedances were also evaluated against the appropriate storm water BVs, that is, "Bandelier Tuff background" for undisturbed SMAs or "developed background" for urban settings. BVs are expressed as UTLs using the approved EPA method for calculating BVs. UTLs for undisturbed SMAs were derived from storm water runoff containing entrained sediments derived from Bandelier Tuff and are labeled

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"Bandelier Tuff Background" in Figures 249-2 and 249-3. UTLs developed for urban settings were derived from runoff from developed landscapes on the Pajarito Plateau, including buildings, parking lots, roads, and associated features, and are labeled "Developed Background" in Figures 249-2 and 249-3.

Monitoring location CHQ-SMA-6 receives storm water run-on from developed environments, including paved parking lots, roads, and buildings, as well as landscapes containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff. Metals including copper are associated with building materials, parking lots, and automobiles and can be detected at low concentrations in Bandelier Tuff. Gross alpha in Bandelier Tuff is associated with naturally occurring radioactive uranium- and thorium-bearing minerals.

- Copper—The copper UTL from developed landscape storm water run-on is 32.3 μ g/L; the copper UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 3.43 μ g/L. The copper result from 2013 is greater than both these values.
- Gross alpha—The gross-alpha UTL for background storm water containing sediment derived from Bandelier Tuff is 1490 pCi/L, and the gross-alpha background storm water UTL for storm water run-on from a developed landscape is 32.5 pCi/L. The 2013 gross-alpha result is between these two values.

All the analytical results for these samples are reported in the 2013 Annual Report.

249.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-6 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 249-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45952	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46115	6-2-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49021	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51305	11-12-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45267	2-25-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45266	3-4-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45265	3-11-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45264	3-18-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45538	3-25-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45552	4-1-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45553	4-8-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45554	4-14-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45556	4-21-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-45557	4-29-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46004	5-7-2015
Remediation Construction Activity Inspection	COMP-46005	5-14-2015
Verification Inspection for Enhanced Controls	BMP-46213	7-28-2015

Maintenance activities conducted at the SMA are summarized in the following table.

Table 249-3 Maintenance during 2015

Maintenance	Maintenance Conducted	Maintenance	Response	Response
Reference		Date	Time	Discussion
BMP-46204	Added angular rock to extend north end of rock check dams Q00903060038 and -0039 approximately 3 ft. Added angular rock to increase height and length of rock check dam Q00906010022.	6-2-2015	15 day(s)	Maintenance conducted as soon as practicable.

249.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-6 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 249-4 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-004(j)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-006(a)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-007(b)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-010(c)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-010(g)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-010(h)	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."
SWMU 33-014	Corrective Action Initiated	Enhanced Control Corrective Action Monitoring	LANL, August 17, 2015, "NPDES Permit No. NM0030759-Submittal of Certification of Installation of Enhanced Control Measures for Eight Site Monitoring Areas."

Further details regarding compliance status and planned activities can be found in Attachment 6 for Sites in this SMA.

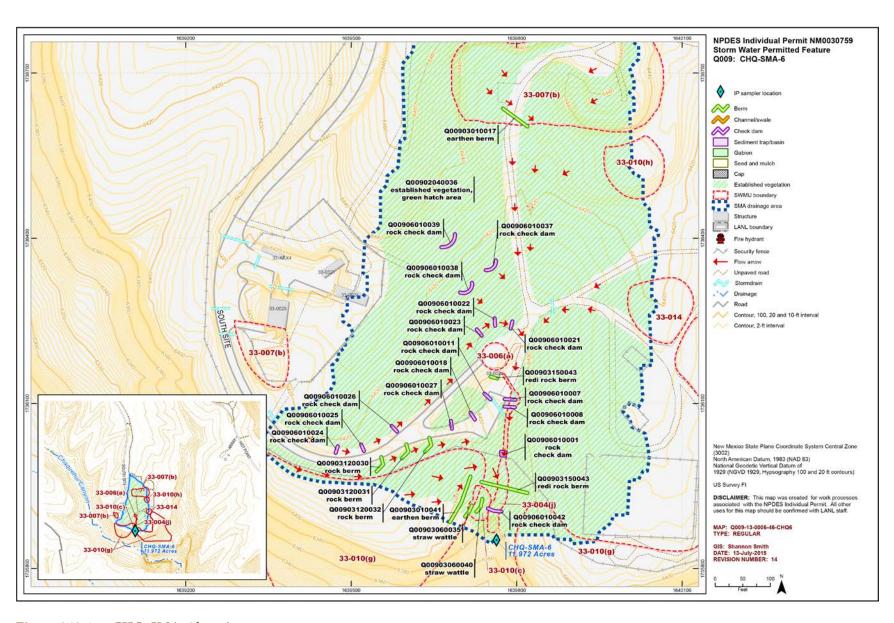
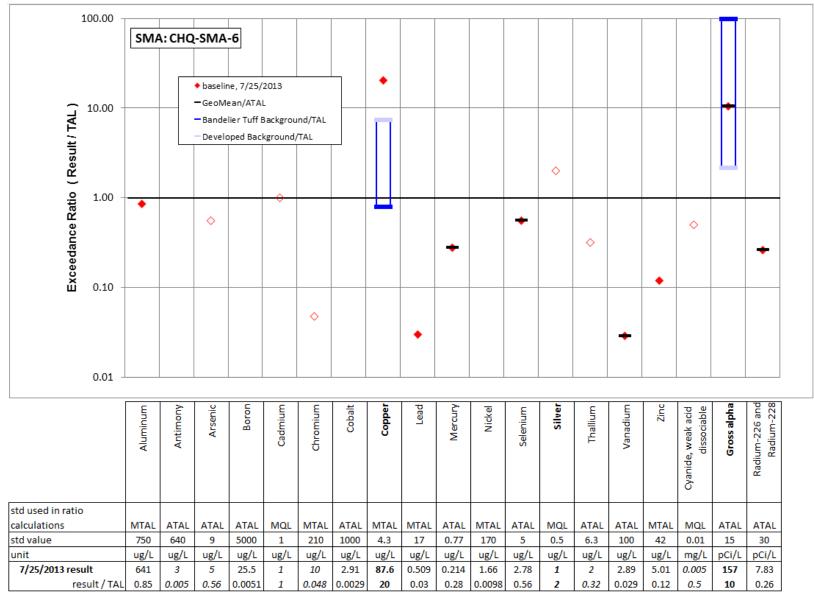


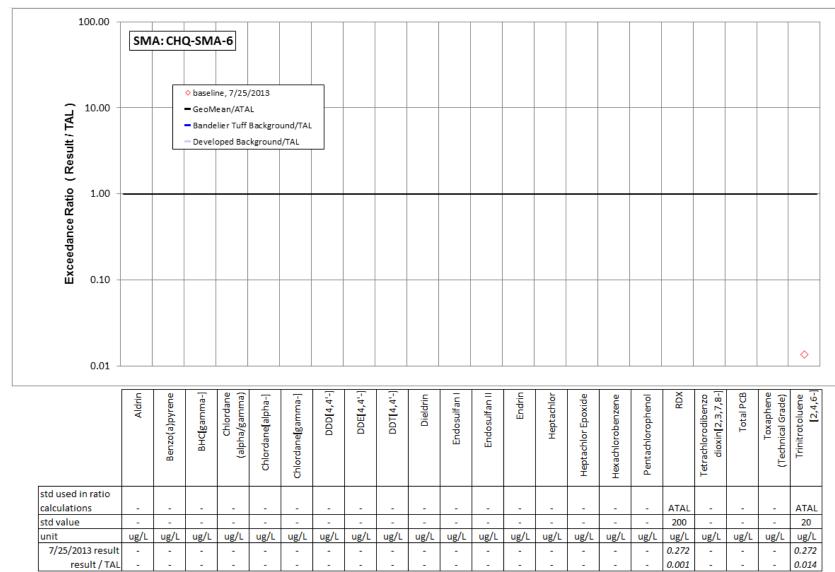
Figure 249-1 CHQ-SMA-6 location map



Bold font indicates result>TAL/MQL; italic font and hollow symbols indicate undetected results; "-" is used if no analytical results were available.

Inorganic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-6 **Figure 249-2**





Bold font indicates result>TAL/MQL; italic font and hollow symbols indicate undetected results; "-" is used if no analytical results were available.

Figure 249-3 Organic analytical results summary plot for CHQ-SMA-6

250.0 CHQ-SMA-7.1: SWMU 33-010(g)

250.1 Site Descriptions

One historical industrial activity area is associated with Q010, CHQ-SMA-7.1: Site 33-010(g).

SWMU 33-010(g) consists of a former disposal area that was located on the south side of TA-33 South Site at the edge of Chaquehui Canyon. Debris was scattered along the rim and upper walls of the canyon. This former disposal area is located within the boundaries impacted by former activities at the SWMU 33-006(a) gun firing site. The firing pad for SWMU 33-006(a) is located approximately 500 ft northwest of the SWMU 33-010(g) disposal area. Some debris present at SWMU 33-010(g) (such as dead tree trunks, rocks, and scraped earth) reportedly resulted from the initial clearing of South Site. Other debris included chunks of metal. The period of operation for this disposal site is not known, but firing site operations associated with initiator testing at South Site were conducted from 1950 to 1956. A VCA conducted in 1995 resulted in the removal of 4 yd³ of nonhazardous, nonradioactive debris and 2 ft² of radioactive debris from the Site.

SWMU 33-010(g) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. No decision-level data are available for SWMU 33-010(g).

The project map (Figure 250-1) is located at the end of this SMA update. Any future map updates will be posted on the IP website: http://www.lanl.gov/environment/protection/compliance/individual-permit-stormwater/site-monitoring-area-maps.php.

250.2 Control Measures

All active control measures are listed in the following table, and their locations are shown on the project map (Figure 250-1).

Table 250-1 Active Control Measures

		Purpose of Control				Control
Control ID	Control Name	Run-On	Runoff	Erosion	Sediment	Status
Q01002040012	Established Vegetation	-	Х	Х	-	В
Q01003010010	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q01003010011	Earthen Berm	Х	-	-	Х	В
Q01006010003	Rock Check Dam	-	Х	-	Х	СВ

CB: Certified baseline control measure.

B: Additional baseline control measure.

EC: Enhanced control measure.

250.3 Storm Water Monitoring

Through calendar year 2015, storm water flow has not been sufficient for full-volume sample collection at CHQ-SMA-7.1. Baseline monitoring will be extended until one confirmation sample is collected from this SMA.

250.4 Inspections and Maintenance

RG340 recorded three storm events at CHQ-SMA-7.1 during the 2015 season. These rain events triggered three post-storm inspections. Post-storm inspections and all other inspection activity conducted at the SMA are summarized below.

Table 250-2 Control Measure Inspections during 2015

Inspection Type	Inspection Reference	Inspection Date
Storm Rain Event	BMP-45953	5-18-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-46116	5-29-2015
Storm Rain Event	BMP-49022	8-10-2015
Annual Erosion Evaluation	COMP-51306	11-12-2015

No maintenance activities or facility modifications affecting discharge were conducted at CHQ-SMA-7.1 in 2015.

250.5 Compliance Status

The Sites associated with CHQ-SMA-7.1 are Moderate Priority Sites. Corrective action should be certified complete within 5 yr of the effective date of the IP. The IP was under administrative continuance at the end of 2015.

Table 250-3 Compliance Status during 2015

Site	Compliance Status on Jan 1, 2015	Compliance Status on Dec 31, 2015	Comments
SWMU 33-010(g)	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Baseline Monitoring Extended	Initiated 4-30-2012.

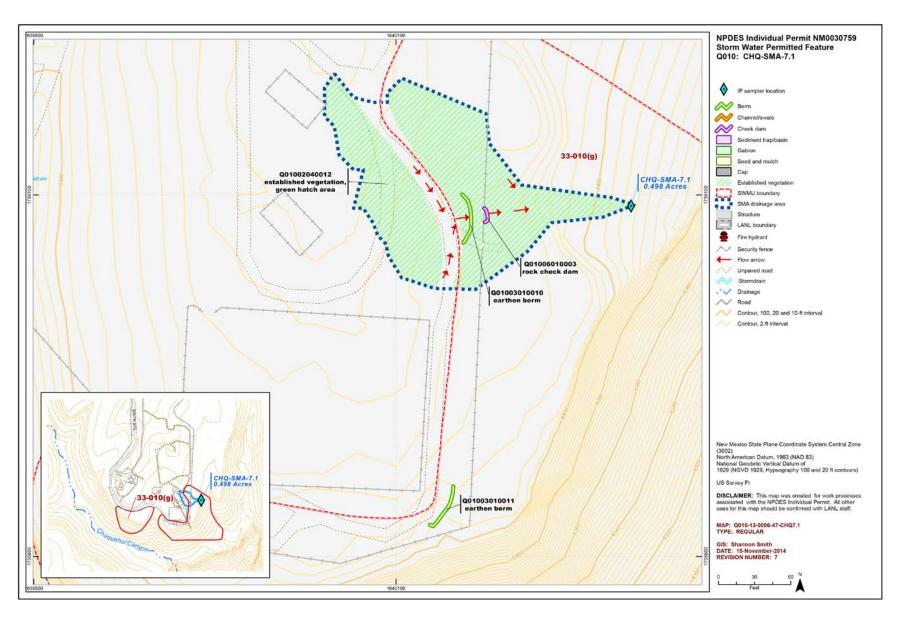


Figure 250-1 CHQ-SMA-7.1 location map

Attachment 1 Amendments

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.496	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: A00603060020	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.497	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: A00603060021	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.498	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: A00604060002	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.498	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: A00606010009	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.499	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00604010022	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.500	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00603020023	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.501	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00604060024	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.502	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00604030025	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.503	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00603140026	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.504	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00603150027	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.505	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00606010028	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.506	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: A00608020029	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.507	12/3/2015	A-SMA-3	Map Revision - (R10)	Т	CCN - 46339
V5.508	2/4/2016	A-SMA-3.5	Map Revision - (R6)	Т	CCN - 52726
V5.509	2/11/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Map Revision - (R5)	Т	CCN - 44926 ^t
V5.510	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00103020002	Т	CCN - 50710
V5.511	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00103140009	Т	CCN - 50710
V5.512	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00103010010	Т	CCN - 50710
V5.513	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00103010011	Т	CCN - 50710
V5.515	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Map Revision - (R6)	Т	CCN - 50710
V5.516	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-1.01	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00203060010	Т	CCN - 46263
V5.517	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-1.01	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00203060014	Т	CCN - 46263
V5.518	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-1.01	Map Revision - (R7)	Т	CCN - 46263

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.519	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-1.02	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q002A03150014	Т	CCN - 44911 ^b
V5.521	3/25/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	SMA Boundary Modification	Т	CCN - 45594
V5.522	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303060024	Т	CCN - 46406
V5.523	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303060027	Т	CCN - 46406
V5.524	6/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Map Revision - (R9)	Т	CCN - 46406
V5.525	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303020001	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.526	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303020006	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.527	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303060025	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.528	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303060026	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.529	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00303060027	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.530	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00304060002	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.531	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00304060007	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.532	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010003	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.533	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010008	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.534	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010009	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.535	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010010	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.536	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010011	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.537	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010012	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.538	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010013	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.539	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00306010014	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.540	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303020028	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.541	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303020029	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.542	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303020053	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.543	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303020054	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.544	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303010030	Т	CCN - 51001

Amendment	Effective	SMA Number or Section		True of	
Number	Date	Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.545	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303140031	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.546	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303140032	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.547	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303140033	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.548	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00303140034	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.549	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010035	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.550	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010036	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.551	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010037	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.552	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010038	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.553	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010039	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.554	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010040	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.555	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010041	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.556	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010042	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.557	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010043	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.558	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010044	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.559	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010045	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.560	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010046	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.561	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010047	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.562	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010048	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.563	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010049	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.564	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010050	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.565	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010051	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.566	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00306010052	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.567	11/16/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Map Revision - (R10)	Т	CCN - 51001
V5.568	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00403010008	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.569	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00403060003	Т	CCN - 46570

Amendment	Effective	SMA Number or Section		Type of	D.C.
Number	Date	Number	Description of Changes	Change	Reference
V5.570	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403140010	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.571	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403140011	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.572	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403140012	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.573	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403140013	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.574	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403120014	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.575	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00403010015	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.576	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00401030016	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.577	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Minor Sampler Adjustment, Updated Coordinates in Attach D.	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.579	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Map Revision - (R6)	Т	CCN - 46570
V5.580	1/11/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	New Control - Routine/Replacement - Control ID: Q00503140021	Т	CCN - 52307
V5.581	1/11/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	New Control - Routine/Replacement - Control ID: Q00503140022	Т	CCN - 52307
V5.582	1/11/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	Map Revision - (R9)	Т	CCN - 52307
V5.583	2/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.1	Map Revision - (R7)	Т	CCN - 52721
V5.584	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00703060011	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.585	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00703060015	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.586	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00703060016	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.587	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00703140017	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.588	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00703140018	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.589	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00703140019	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.590	2/19/2015	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Map Revision - (R8)	Т	CCN - 43573 ^b
V5.591	7/13/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00903060034	Т	CCN - 47356
V5.592	7/13/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00903010041	Т	CCN - 47356
V5.593	7/13/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	Map Revision - (R14)	Т	CCN - 47356
V5.594	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	Retire Control - Damaged and/or Replaced - Control ID: Q00906010002	Т	CCN - 46601
V5.595	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00903010041	Т	CCN - 46601

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.596	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00906010001	Т	CCN - 46601
V5.597	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	New Control - Corrective Action - Control ID: Q00903150043	Т	CCN - 46601
V5.598	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-1.02	Map Revision - (R9)	Т	CCN - 44911 ^b
V5.599	3/25/2015	CHQ-SMA-2	Map Revision - (R8)	Т	CCN - 45594
V5.600	12/3/2015	CHQ-SMA-6	Map Revision - (R13)	Т	CCN - 46601
V5.601	3/30/2016	A-SMA-1.1	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): SWMU 39-004(d) is a firing site (structure 39-57) located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon and situated in the bottom of the canyon between a diverted ephemeral stream and the canyon wall. The firing site was constructed in 1953 and is used for explosives experiments. SWMU 39 004(a), another remote test firing facility, is located near SWMU 39 004(d) and is currently inactive. Both SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) are located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon. For the purposes of evaluating the area, SWMUs 39 004(a) and 39-004(d) were sampled as one Site during the 1995 RFI and 2009 Consent Order investigations. Investigations of SWMUs 39-004(a) is and 39-004(d) deferred per Table IV-2 of the Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling has not been conducted at the Sites. RFI and Consent Order samples were collected around and downgradient of the Sites to determine the potential contaminants being released at the Site and whether these contaminants are migrating off-site. The approved Investigation Report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded the extent of detected inorganic, organic, and radionuclide contaminants is defined in drainages downgradient of the Sites and the drainages meet recreational and residential risk levels; therefore, no immediate corrective action is required until firing site activities cease. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.		

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.602	3/30/2016	A-SMA-1.1	SWMU 39-004(d) is a firing site (structure 39-57) located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon and situated in the bottom of the canyon between a diverted ephemeral stream and the canyon wall. The firing site was constructed in 1953 and is used for explosives experiments. SWMU 39-004(a), another remote test firing facility, is located near SWMU 39-004(d) and is currently inactive. Both SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) are located along the northern tributary of the upper reach of Ancho Canyon. For the purposes of evaluating the area, SWMUs 39-004(a) and 39-004(d) were sampled as one Site during the 1995 RFI and 2009 Consent Order investigations. Investigation of SWMU 39-004(d) is deferred per Table IV-2 of the Consent Order; therefore, Consent Order nature and extent sampling have not been conducted at the Site. RFI and Consent Order samples were collected around and downgradient of the Site to determine the potential contaminants being released at the Site and whether these contaminants are migrating off-site. The approved Investigation Report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, Revision 1, concluded the extent of detected inorganic, organic, and radionuclide contaminants is defined in drainages downgradient of the Site and the drainages meet recreational and residential risk levels; therefore, no immediate corrective action is required until firing site activities cease. Further Consent Order investigations are deferred until the firing site is no longer active.	T	
V5.603	3/30/2016	A-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): However, 2009 Consent Order samples were collected from the extended drainages downgradient of the firing site to assess the potential for off-site migration.		
V5.609	3/7/2016	A-SMA-2.5	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): However, it was noted in both the 1993 RFI work plan and in a 2001 letter notification to NMED designating a new SWMU. SWMU 39-010 will be recommended for corrective action complete in the supplemental investigation report for North Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area, to be submitted to NMED in 2015 2017.	Т	

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.610	3/7/2016	A-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): SWMU 33-010(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015.	Т	
V5.611	3/7/2016	A-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): SWMU 33-004(k) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015. SWMU 33-007(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015. SWMU 33-010(a) is included in the Consent Order as part of the South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The proposed investigation for this Site is presented in South Ancho Canyon Aggregate Area investigation work plan, submitted to NMED in August 2015.	Т	

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.612	3/7/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.02	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 33-004(h), but RFI screening level data are available for this Site. SWMU 33-004(h) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March2011. Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 33-011(d), and no decision-level data are available for this Site. The RFI data are screening level only. SWMU 33-011(d) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. RFI screening-level data are available for this Site. SWMU 33-015 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011; decision-level data are not available. AOC 33-008(c) Consent Order investigations have not been performed at SWMU 33-015, and no decision-level data are available for this Site. The RFI data are screening level only.	Т	
V5.613	3/7/2016	CHQ-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Nao decision-level data are available for SWMU 33 007(c). The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available for AOC C-33-003 from the 1999 VCA confirmation samples.	Т	
V5.614	3/7/2016	CHQ-SMA-5.05	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): SWMU 33-007(b) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Consent Order sampling has not been performed, and nNo decision-level soil data are available for this Site.	Т	

Amendment	Effective	SMA Number or Section		Type of	
Number	Date	Number	Description of Changes	Change ^a	Reference
V5.615	3/7/2016	CHQ-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Site Description Changes (in redline): SWMU 33-007(b) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Consent Order sampling has not been performed, and nNo decision-level soil data are available for this Site. SWMU 33-014 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Consent Order sampling has not been performed, and nNo decision-level soil data are available for this Site. SWMU 33-010(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available from the 1999 VCA. SWMU 33-010(c) is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available from the 1999 VCA. SWMU 33-014 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Decision-level data are available from the 1999 VCA. SWMU 33-014 is included in the Consent Order as part of the Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area. Consent Order investigations for this aggregate area have not yet begun. The investigation work plan for Chaquehui Canyon Aggregate Area was approved in March 2011. Consent Order sampling has not been performed, an	Т	
V5.616	4/4/2016	A-SMA-1.1	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.617	4/4/2016	A-SMA-1.1	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.618	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.619	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.620	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Deleted maintenance table. No maintenance in 2015.	Т	
V5.621	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.622	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.5	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.623	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.5	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.624	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.5	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.625	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.7	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.626	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.7	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.627	4/4/2016	A-SMA-2.7	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.628	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.629	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.630	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3	Change to SDPPP - Deleted maintenance table. No maintenance in 2015.	Т	
V5.631	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.632	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3.5	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.633	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3.5	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.		
V5.634	4/4/2016	A-SMA-3.5	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	

Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.635	4/4/2016	A-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.636	4/4/2016	A-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.637	4/4/2016	A-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.638	4/4/2016	A-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.639	4/4/2016	A-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.640	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.641	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.642	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-0.5	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.643	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.01	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.644	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.01	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.645	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.02	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.646	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.02	Change to SDPPP - Added certification date and submittal dates for enhanced controls in control measures section.	Т	
V5.647	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.02	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.		
V5.648	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.03	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.		
V5.649	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.03	Change to SDPPP - Added EPA submittal date to control measures section.		
V5.650	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.03	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	

Amendment	Effective	SMA Number or Section		Type of	
Number	Date	Number	Description of Changes	Change ^a	Reference
V5.651	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-1.03	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.652	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Added certification information for enhanced controls in control measures section.	Т	
V5.653	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.654	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.655	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-2	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.656	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Change to SDPPP - Added certification information for enhanced controls in control measures section.	Т	
V5.657	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.658	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Change to SDPPP - Updated UTL comparison to only include Bandelier Tuff.	Т	
V5.659	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Change to SDPPP - Added sampling location move information.	Т	
V5.660	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-3.05	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.661	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.662	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Added maintenance table.	Т	
V5.663	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comments column.	Т	
V5.664	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.1	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.		
V5.665	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.1	Change to SDPPP - Updated UTL comparison to only include Bandelier Tuff.		
V5.666	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.1	Change to SDPPP - Deleted maintenance table. No maintenance in 2015.		
V5.667	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.1	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	

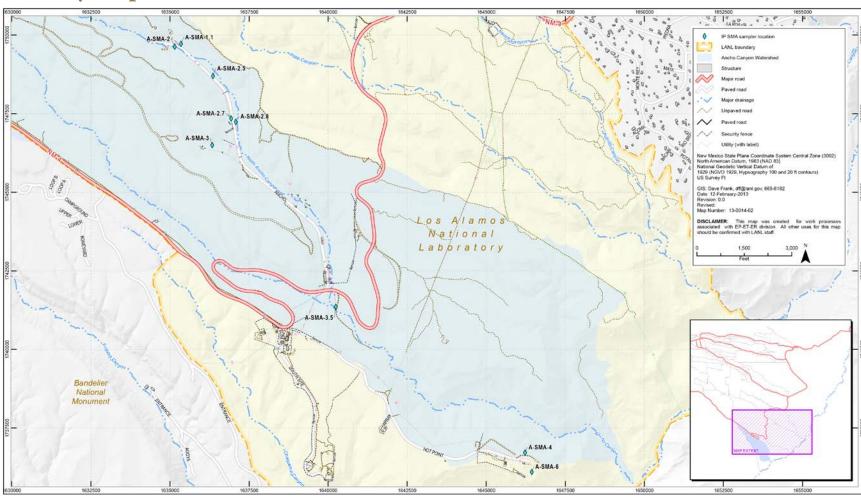
Amendment Number	Effective Date	SMA Number or Section Number	Description of Changes	Type of Change ^a	Reference
V5.668	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.669	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Change to SDPPP - Updated UTL comparison to only include Bandelier Tuff.	Т	
V5.670	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Change to SDPPP - Deleted maintenance table. No maintenance in 2015.	Т	
V5.671	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-4.5	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.672	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-5.05	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.673	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-5.05	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.	Т	
V5.674	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-5.05	Change to SDPPP - Deleted maintenance table. No maintenance in 2015.		
V5.675	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-5.05	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comment field.	Т	
V5.676	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Added certification information for enhanced controls in control measures section.	Т	
V5.677	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Deleted control measures text regarding run-on and runoff.	Т	
V5.678	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Added info on nondetected values above TALs to the storm water monitoring section.	Т	
V5.679	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-6	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table.	Т	
V5.680	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-7.1	Change to SDPPP - Storm water monitoring section changed initial confirmation sampling text to baseline monitoring.		
V5.681	4/4/2016	CHQ-SMA-7.1	Change to SDPPP - Updated compliance status section with information regarding the current status of the IP. Also updated the compliance status table comment field.	Т	

^a T = Technical.

^b This change was presented in the 2014 SDPPP but did not have an official CCN.

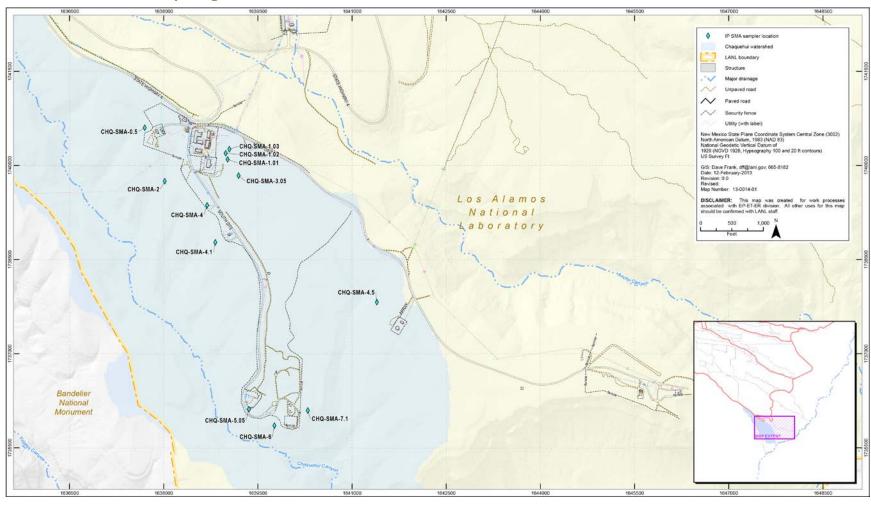
Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016

Attachment 2 Vicinity Map



Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016

Attachment 2, Vicinity Map (continued)



Attachment 3 Precipitation Network

		Total	Intensity	Duration
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)
RG265	4/18/15	0.33	0.09	135
RG265	4/26/15	0.57	0.12	225
RG265	5/3/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	5/4/15	0.53	0.19	159.6
RG265	5/5/15	0.07	0.03	34.8
RG265	5/12/15	0.55	0.09	240
RG265	5/14/15	0.08	0.05	30
RG265	5/15/15	0.8	0.23	259.8
RG265	5/16/15	0.12	0.05	60
RG265	5/18/15	0.11	0.05	34.8
RG265	5/21/15	0.84	0.24	174.6
RG265	5/25/15	0.08	0.05	30
RG265	5/29/15	0.02	0.02	9.6
RG265	5/31/15	0.04	0.03	19.8
RG265	6/6/15	0.03	0.03	4.8
RG265	6/7/15	0.06	0.06	60
RG265	6/9/15	0.04	0.03	19.8
RG265	6/13/15	0.25	0.11	79.8
RG265	6/15/15	0.02	0.02	4.8
RG265	6/18/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	6/26/15	0.09	0.08	34.8
RG265	6/27/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	7/1/15	0.05	0.03	24.6
RG265	7/2/15	0.13	0.05	54.6
RG265	7/3/15	0.05	0.04	19.8
RG265	7/5/15	0.88	0.48	174.6
RG265	7/6/15	0.73	0.2	210
RG265	7/7/15	0.15	0.04	75
RG265	7/8/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	7/9/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	7/12/15	0.18	0.11	60
RG265	7/14/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	7/15/15	0.24	0.1	60
RG265	7/18/15	0.03	0.02	15
RG265	7/20/15	0.8	0.19	225

D. I. C.	D .	Total	Intensity	Duration
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)
RG265	7/26/15	0.14	0.08	39.6
RG265	7/28/15	0.07	0.04	30
RG265	7/29/15	0.75	0.27	240
RG265	7/31/15	0.02	0.01	9.6
RG265	8/1/15	0.06	0.02	30
RG265	8/2/15	0.34	0.23	69.6
RG265	8/3/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/7/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/8/15	0.1	0.06	30
RG265	8/10/15	0.05	0.03	24.6
RG265	8/11/15	0.39	0.39	24.6
RG265	8/12/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/14/15	0.03	0.03	9.6
RG265	8/17/15	0.19	0.08	64.8
RG265	8/21/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/23/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/26/15	0.09	0.08	34.8
RG265	8/27/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/28/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	8/31/15	0.43	0.4	34.8
RG265	9/1/15	0.21	0.14	49.8
RG265	9/2/15	0.04	0.03	15
RG265	9/4/15	0.1	0.02	49.8
RG265	9/7/15	0.13	0.08	45
RG265	9/21/15	0.1	0.03	49.8
RG265	9/22/15	0.09	0.07	34.8
RG265	9/23/15	0.03	0.02	15
RG265	9/24/15	0.02	0.02	4.8
RG265	10/2/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	10/3/15	0.18	0.06	79.8
RG265	10/5/15	0.21	0.08	94.8
RG265	10/6/15	0.08	0.07	24.6
RG265	10/17/15	0.11	0.04	54.6
RG265	10/18/15	0.03	0.02	15
RG265	10/19/15	0.02	0.02	4.8
RG265	10/21/15	1.43	0.15	480
RG265	10/22/15	0.04	0.02	19.8
RG265	10/23/15	0.35	0.12	120

		Total	Intensity	Duration
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)
RG265	10/29/15	0.23	0.08	105
RG265	10/30/15	0.24	0.18	60
RG265	10/31/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	11/4/15	0.03	0.02	15
RG265	11/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	11/10/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	11/12/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	11/15/15	0.48	0.11	189.6
RG265	11/19/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG265	11/30/15	0.03	0.01	15
RG267.4	4/26/15	0.63	0.13	255
RG267.4	5/3/15	0.02	0.01	9.6
RG267.4	5/4/15	0.39	0.15	129.6
RG267.4	5/5/15	0.25	0.07	75
RG267.4	5/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	5/12/15	0.65	0.16	255
RG267.4	5/14/15	0.04	0.02	19.8
RG267.4	5/15/15	0.79	0.16	270
RG267.4	5/16/15	0.13	0.06	54.6
RG267.4	5/18/15	0.07	0.04	30
RG267.4	5/19/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	5/21/15	0.78	0.2	240
RG267.4	5/22/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	5/25/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	5/26/15	0.04	0.04	19.8
RG267.4	5/31/15	0.08	0.01	39.6
RG267.4	6/1/15	0.17	0.13	30
RG267.4	6/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	6/7/15	0.1	0.1	60
RG267.4	6/9/15	0.13	0.09	30
RG267.4	6/10/15	0.15	0.12	30
RG267.4	6/13/15	0.24	0.11	90
RG267.4	6/16/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	6/17/15	0.06	0.04	19.8
RG267.4	6/22/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	6/24/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	6/26/15	0.37	0.22	75
RG267.4	6/27/15	0.05	0.03	19.8

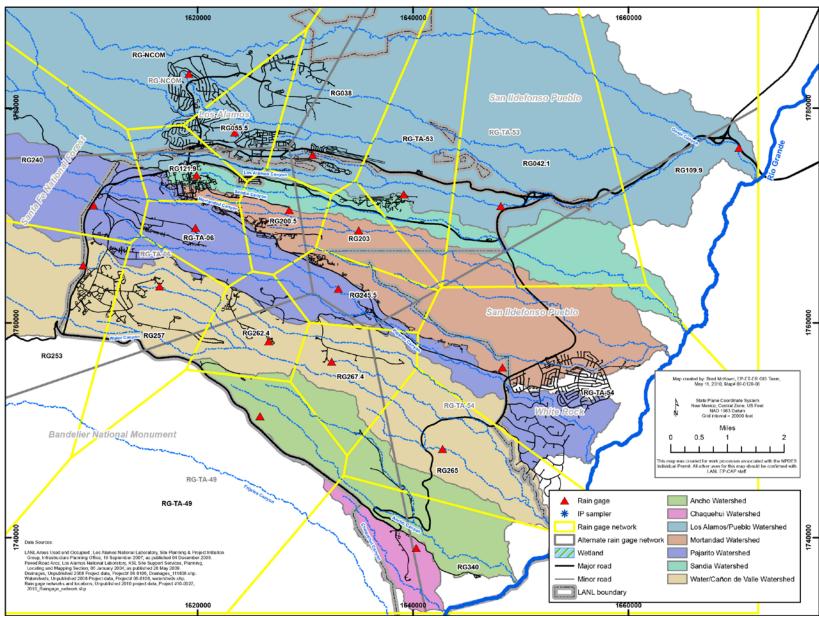
Rain Gage	Date	Total (in.)	Intensity (in./30 min)	Duration (min)
RG267.4	7/1/15	0.02	0.02	9.6
RG267.4	7/2/15	0.02	0.04	49.8
RG267.4	7/3/15	0.09	0.08	15
RG267.4	7/4/15	0.02	0.02	9.6
RG267.4	7/5/15	1.11	0.35	210
RG267.4	7/6/15	0.71	0.2	214.8
RG267.4	7/7/15	0.07	0.02	34.8
RG267.4	7/9/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	7/12/15	0.23	0.13	69.6
RG267.4	7/14/15	0.02	0.02	9.6
RG267.4	7/15/15	0.6	0.32	99.6
RG267.4	7/16/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	7/18/15	0.09	0.05	34.8
RG267.4	7/20/15	0.82	0.12	264.6
RG267.4	7/22/15	0.05	0.05	19.8
RG267.4	7/26/15	0.1	0.03	45
RG267.4	7/28/15	0.14	0.1	45
RG267.4	7/29/15	0.67	0.19	229.8
RG267.4	7/30/15	0.02	0.02	9.6
RG267.4	7/31/15	0.13	0.05	60
RG267.4	8/1/15	0.33	0.15	99.6
RG267.4	8/2/15	0.47	0.12	189.6
RG267.4	8/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	8/7/15	0.02	0.01	9.6
RG267.4	8/8/15	0.13	0.05	64.8
RG267.4	8/9/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	8/10/15	0.09	0.02	39.6
RG267.4	8/15/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	8/16/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	8/17/15	0.39	0.2	75
RG267.4	8/22/15	0.06	0.04	15
RG267.4	8/26/15	0.06	0.04	30
RG267.4	8/28/15	0.1	0.1	19.8
RG267.4	8/30/15	0.01	0.01	4.8
RG267.4	8/31/15	0.31	0.31	30
RG267.4	9/1/15	0.15	0.14	34.8
RG267.4	9/2/15	0.12	0.07	30
RG267.4	9/4/15	0.09	0.03	45

2.1.6	-	Total	Intensity	Duration	
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)	
RG267.4	9/7/15	0.13	0.13	30	
RG267.4	9/9/15	0.02	0.02	9.6	
RG267.4	9/21/15	0.13	0.05	64.8	
RG267.4	9/22/15	0.58	0.52	45	
RG267.4	9/23/15	0.03	0.02	15	
RG267.4	9/24/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG267.4	10/2/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG267.4	10/3/15	0.16	0.06	60	
RG267.4	10/4/15	0.03	0.01	15	
RG267.4	10/5/15	0.32	0.15	109.8	
RG267.4	10/6/15	0.1	0.06	34.8	
RG267.4	10/17/15	0.05	0.04	24.6	
RG267.4	10/18/15	0.02	0.02	9.6	
RG267.4	10/19/15	0.03	0.02	15	
RG267.4	10/21/15	1.23	0.09	549.6	
RG267.4	10/22/15	0.03	0.02	15	
RG267.4	10/23/15	0.36	0.06	180	
RG267.4	10/28/15	0.01	0.01	9.6	
RG267.4	10/29/15	0.25	0.06	124.8	
RG267.4	10/30/15	0.19	0.12	54.6	
RG267.4	11/4/15	0.03	0.02	15	
RG267.4	11/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG267.4	11/15/15	0.49	0.1	189.6	
RG267.4	11/26/15	0.02	0.01	9.6	
RG267.4	11/28/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	4/18/15	0.33	0.13	114.6	
RG340	4/19/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	4/26/15	0.59	0.17	219.6	
RG340	5/3/15	0.03	0.03	15	
RG340	5/4/15	0.49	0.25	120	
RG340	5/5/15	0.06	0.02	30	
RG340	5/12/15	0.51	0.07	240	
RG340	5/14/15	0.05	0.03	24.6	
RG340	5/15/15	0.79	0.21	279.6	
RG340	5/16/15	0.12 0.04		60	
RG340	5/18/15	0.05 0.03 19.8		19.8	
RG340	5/21/15				
RG340	5/25/15	0.05	0.02	24.6	

		Total	Intensity	Duration		
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)		
RG340	5/26/15	0.04	0.02	19.8		
RG340	5/29/15	0.03	0.03	9.6		
RG340	6/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8		
RG340	6/7/15	0.03	0.03	60		
RG340	6/9/15	0.06	0.03	24.6		
RG340	6/10/15	0.09	0.06	39.6		
RG340	6/13/15	0.22	0.13	75		
RG340	6/15/15	0.02	0.02	4.8		
RG340	6/26/15	0.13	0.1	34.8		
RG340	6/28/15	0.02	0.02	9.6		
RG340	7/1/15	0.11	0.04	54.6		
RG340	7/2/15	0.12	0.06	60		
RG340	7/3/15	0.02	0.02	9.6		
RG340	7/5/15	0.26	0.08	109.8		
RG340	7/6/15	0.66	0.17	199.8		
RG340	7/7/15	0.19	0.06	84.6		
RG340	7/8/15	0.05	0.03	24.6		
RG340	7/12/15	0.18	0.12	60		
RG340	7/14/15	0.01	0.01	4.8		
RG340	7/15/15	0.12	0.05	45		
RG340	7/16/15	0.01	0.01	4.8		
RG340	7/18/15	0.1	0.08	30		
RG340	7/20/15	0.62	0.19	189.6		
RG340	7/22/15	0.02	0.02	9.6		
RG340	7/26/15	0.06	0.02	30		
RG340	7/28/15	0.02	0.02	9.6		
RG340	7/29/15	1	0.4	240		
RG340	7/31/15	0.02	0.01	9.6		
RG340	8/1/15	0.08	0.03	39.6		
RG340	8/2/15	0.09	0.04	45		
RG340	8/7/15	0.01	0.01	4.8		
RG340	8/8/15	0.02	0.01	9.6		
RG340	8/10/15	0.05	0.03	24.6		
RG340	8/11/15	0.05 0.04		15		
RG340	8/12/15	0.01 0.01 4.8		4.8		
RG340	8/15/15	0.02 0.01 9.6		9.6		
RG340	8/16/15	3/16/15 0.14 0.09 34.8				
RG340	8/17/15	0.23	0.09	75		

		Total	Intensity	Duration	
Rain Gage	Date	(in.)	(in./30 min)	(min)	
RG340	8/21/15	0.02	0.02	9.6	
RG340	8/26/15	0.08	0.07	30	
RG340	8/27/15	0.07	0.07	9.6	
RG340	8/31/15	0.18	0.1	45	
RG340	9/1/15	0.2	0.14	34.8	
RG340	9/2/15	0.03	0.03	9.6	
RG340	9/4/15	0.12	0.03	60	
RG340	9/7/15	0.04	0.02	19.8	
RG340	9/21/15	0.09	0.04	39.6	
RG340	9/22/15	0.06	0.04	24.6	
RG340	9/23/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	10/2/15	0.03	0.01	15	
RG340	10/3/15	0.23	0.08	69.6	
RG340	10/4/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	10/5/15	0.27	0.11	99.6	
RG340	10/6/15	0.04	0.04	15	
RG340	10/17/15	0.13	0.06	54.6	
RG340	10/18/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	10/19/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	10/21/15	1.45	0.15	540	
RG340	10/22/15	0.13	0.04	54.6	
RG340	10/23/15	0.19	0.08	79.8	
RG340	10/25/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	10/29/15	0.23	0.08	105	
RG340	10/30/15	0.25	0.19	54.6	
RG340	11/1/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	11/4/15	0.03	0.02	15	
RG340	11/6/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	11/7/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	11/10/15	0.01	0.01	4.8	
RG340	11/15/15	0.5	0.12	199.8	
RG340	11/19/15	15 0.01 0.01 4.8		4.8	
RG340	11/20/15	220/15 0.01 0.01 4.8		4.8	
RG340	11/30/15	0.04	0.01	19.8	

Los Alamos National Laboratory, NPDES Permit No. NM0030759, May 1, 2016



Attachment 4 Physical Characteristics

Canyon	Permitted Feature	SMA Number	Sampler X Coordinate (Latitude)	Sampler Y Coordinate (Longitude)	SMA Drainage Area (ft²)	Site Number	Site Drainage Area (ft²)	
Ancho	A001	A-SMA-1.1	1635351 (35.808933)	1749719 (-106.267083)	8,238,061.47	39-004(a) 39-004(d)	0.00 0.00	
Ancho	A002	A-SMA-2	1635229 (35.808608)	1749599 (-106.267495)	23,650,014.68	39-004(b) 39-004(e)	589.79 1,074.60	
Ancho	A003	A-SMA-2.5	1636357 (35.806133)	1748696 (-106.263683)	21,301.00	39-010	20,028.18	
Ancho	A004	A-SMA-2.7	1636976.6 (35.802422)			39-002(c) 39-008	0.00 10510.88	
Ancho	A005	A-SMA-2.8	1637078 (35.802117)	1747235 (-106.261267)	33,941.69	39-001(b)	9,884.06	
Ancho	A006	A-SMA-3	1636339 (35.800083)	1746495 (-106.26375)	8,516,038.91	39-002(b) 39-004(c)	10.14 374.92	
Ancho	A007	A-SMA-3.5	1640239 (35.78595)	1741352 (-106.2506)	370.26	39-006(a)	124.10	
Ancho	A008	A-SMA-4	1646223 (35.7732)	1736711 (-106.230433)	114,204.64	33-010(d)	1,341.36	
Ancho	A009	A-SMA-6	1646439 (35.7715)	1736091 330,185.03 (-106.2297)		33-004(k) 33-007(a) 33-010(a)	131.75 95,197.95 87,558.30	
Chaquehui	Q001	CHQ-SMA-0.5	1637696 (35.783883)	1740598 (-106.259167)	6	33-004(g) 33-007(c) 33-009	134.41 148.09 0.00	
Chaquehui	Q002	CHQ-SMA-1.01	1639017 (35.7825)	1740096 (-106.254717)	8,055.69	33-002(d)	254.86	
Chaquehui	Q002A	CHQ-SMA-1.02	1638988 (35.782767)	1740192 (-106.254817)	89,696.80	33-004(h) 33-008(c) 33-011(d) 33-015	7.02 1,551.30 8,051.64 85.85	
Chaquehui	Q002B	CHQ-SMA-1.03	1639159 (35.782570)	1740121 (-106.254241)	448,169.58	33-008(c) 33-012(a) 33-017 C-33-001 C-33-003	18,133.54 591.94 198,166.33 518.51 7,614.62	
Chaquehui	Q003	CHQ-SMA-2	1638015 (35.78155)	(-106.2581)		33-004(d) 33-007(c) C-33-003	862.46 140.21 19,037.71	
Chaquehui	Q004	CHQ-SMA-3.05*	1639182 (35.781789)	1739837 13319.80 33-010(f) (-106.254162)		33-010(f)	640.16	
Chaquehui	Q005	CHQ-SMA-4	1638691 (35.780483)	1739363 (-106.255817)	490.13	33-011(e)	100.00	

Attachment 4, Physical Characteristics (continued)

Canyon	Permitted Feature	SMA Number	Sampler X Coordinate (Latitude)	Sampler Y Coordinate (Longitude)	SMA Drainage Area (ft²)	Site Number	Site Drainage Area (ft²)
Chaquehui	Q006	CHQ-SMA-4.1	1638823 (35.7788686)	1738774 (-106.2553743)	38	33-016	290.69
Chaquehui	Q007	CHQ-SMA-4.5	1641395 (35.77625)	1737819 (-106.2467)	118,510.86	33-011(b)	43,063.67
Chaquehui	Q008	CHQ-SMA-5.05	1639356 (35.77155)	1736112 (-106.253567)	6,699.97	33-007(b)	2,254.47
Chaquehui	Q009	CHQ-SMA-6	1639763 (35.77085)	1735852 (-106.2522)	521,489.69	33-004(j) 33-006(a) 33-007(b) 33-010(c) 33-010(g) 33-010(h) 33-014	4,008.37 1,955.75 53,012.92 1,954.17 23,270.67 4,695.03 3,519.26
Chaquehui	Q010	CHQ-SMA-7.1	1640295 (35.7715)	1736091 (-106.250417)	21,690.42	33-010(g)	12,401.49

^{*}Sampler movement.

Attachment 5 Sampling Requirements and Plan

Sampling and Analysis Requirements

							Analytical	Suite					
Sampling Conditions	Gross Alpha	Ra-226/ Ra-228	Cyanide	Dissolved Metals	Total Metals	Aluminum	Copper	Zinc	PCBs	High Explosives	Dioxins/ Furans	Pesticides	SVOCs
Analytical method	EPA 900.0	EPA 903.0 EPA 904.1	SM 4500 CN-I	EPA:200.7 EPA:200.8	EPA:200.7 EPA:200.8 EPA:245.2	EPA:200.8	EPA:200.8	EPA:200.8	EPA 1668A	SW8321	EPA 1613B	EPA 608	EPA 625 EPA 8310 EPA 8081B
Order code	SW-IP- Gross Alpha	SW-Ra226/ Ra-228	SW-IP- Cyanide	SW-Metals- Dissolved	SW-Metals- Total	SW-IP-Al F	SW-IP-Cu F	SW-IP-Zn F	SW-PCB- 1668A-PQL	SW-HEXP- 8330	SW-IP-D/ F-1613B	SW-Pesticides	SW-SVOC-625 SW-SVOC-8310 SW-SVOC-8081B
Field prep code	UF	UF	UF	F	UF	F	F	F	UF	UF	UF	UF	UF
Preservation	HNO₃	HNO₃	NaOH, Ice	HNO₃	HNO₃	HNO₃	HNO₃	HNO₃	Ice	Ice	Ice	Ice, store some analytes in dark	Ice, store some analytes in dark
Holding time (days)	180	180	14	180	180	180	180	180	365	7	365	7	7
Preferred volume (L)	2	2	1	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	3	2.5	2	3	3
Minimum volume required (L)	1	2	0.5	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	1	0.77	1	1	1
Shipping container	Poly	Poly	Poly	Poly	Poly	Poly	Poly	Poly	Glass	Glass	Glass	Amber glass	Amber glass

UF = Unfiltered.

F = Filtered.

Attachment 5, Sampling Requirements and Plan (continued)

Sampling and Analysis Plan

Permit SMA Number	SDPPP Section	Station Name	Stage	Gross Alpha	Ra-226/Ra-228	Cyanide	Dissolved Metals	Total Metals	Copper (Filtered)	Aluminum (Filtered)	Arsenic (Filtered)	Mercury (Unfiltered)	Zinc (Filtered)	PCBs	High Explosives	Dioxins/Furans	Pesticides	SVOCs
A-SMA-1.1	230	SS100209	MEx	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Χ							Х			
A-SMA-2	231	SS140212	CAM5	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ							Χ			
A-SMA-2.5	232	SS090204	MEx	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ										
A-SMA-2.7	233	SS120211	CAM5	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ							Х			
A-SMA-2.8	234	SS090206	MEx	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ										
A-SMA-3	235	SS100210	CAM5	Х				Χ	Х	Χ		Х		Χ				
A-SMA-3.5	236	SS090208	BCComp															
A-SMA-4	237	SS276	MEx	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ							Х			
A-SMA-6	238	SS310	AltCompR															
CHQ-SMA-0.5	239	SS090601	CAM5	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ						Χ	Х			
CHQ-SMA-1.01	240	SS090612	MEx	Х	Χ	Χ	Х	Χ						Χ				
CHQ-SMA-1.02	241	SS090613	CAM5						Х					Χ				
CHQ-SMA-1.03	242	SS140619	CAM5	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						Х				
CHQ-SMA-2	243	SS3374	CAM5	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						Х				
CHQ-SMA-3.05	244	SS090615	CAM5	Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х						Χ			Х	
CHQ-SMA-4	245	SS3375	MEx	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х						Х	Х			
CHQ-SMA-4.1	246	SS100617	AltCompR															

Attachment 5, Sampling Requirements and Plan (continued)

Sampling and Analysis Plan (continued)

Permit SMA Number	SDPPP Section	Station Name	Stage	Gross Alpha	Ra-226/Ra-228	Cyanide	Dissolved Metals	Total Metals	Copper (Filtered)	Aluminum (Filtered)	Arsenic (Filtered)	Mercury (Unfiltered)	Zinc (Filtered)	PCBs	High Explosives	Dioxins/Furans	Pesticides	SVOCs
CHQ-SMA-4.5	247	SS341	AltCompR															
CHQ-SMA-5.05	248	SS090616	MEx	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х										
CHQ-SMA-6	249	SS3377	CAM5	Х					Х									
CHQ-SMA-7.1	250	SS100618	MEx	Χ	Х	Х	Х	Х							Х			

AltCompR = Alternative compliance requested.

BCComp = Baseline Confirmation Complete: All confirmation monitoring results for all pollutants of concern at the SMA are at or below TALs, and corrective action is not required at the Sites. No further sampling is required.

CAM5 = Corrective Action Enhanced Control Monitoring: Two confirmation monitoring samples are collected following completion of corrective action control measures at moderate priority sites within 5 yr of effective date of the Permit.

MEx = Extended Baseline Monitoring: One confirmation monitoring sample is collected to determine if corrective action is required.

Attachment 6 Additional Compliance Status Details for SMAs/Sites in Corrective Action

SMA	Site List	Additional Compliance Status Details
A-SMA-2	39-004(b) 39-004(e)	The Permittees certified enhanced controls for these Sites on July 25, 2015.
A-SMA-3	39-002(b) 39-004(c)	The Permittees certified enhanced controls for these Sites on September 4, 2015.
A-SMA-6	33-004(k) 33-007(a) 33-010(a)	Evaluation of corrective action alternatives following a confirmation sample TAL exceedance led the Permittees to initially select submittal of an alternative compliance request to demonstrate the Sites in this SMA are not contributing to the TAL exceedance. However, discussions with EPA indicated it would prefer such Sites be addressed through the Permit renewal process. The process has been delayed and the new Permit was not reissued before the deadline for corrective action (November 1, 2015). Therefore, to maintain compliance with the Permit, the Permittees submitted a request for alternative compliance for the Sites in this SMA on May 6, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-0.5	33-004(g) 33-007(c) 33-009	The Permittees certified enhanced controls for the Sites in this SMA on October 21, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-1.02	33-004(h) 33-008(c) 33-011(d) 33-015	The Permittees certified enhanced controls for these Sites on September 4, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-2	33-004(d) 33-007(c) C-33-003	Evaluation of corrective action alternatives following a confirmation sample TAL exceedance led the Permittees to initially select submittal of an alternative compliance request to demonstrate the Sites in this SMA are not contributing to the TAL exceedance. However, discussions with EPA indicated it would prefer such Sites be addressed through the Permit renewal process. The process has been delayed and the new Permit was not reissued before the deadline for corrective action (November 1, 2015). Therefore, to maintain compliance with the Permit, the Permittees submitted a request for alternative compliance for the Sites in this SMA on October 28, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-3.05	33-010(f)	Evaluation of corrective action through the IP screening process following a confirmation sample TAL exceedance led the Permittees to initially select submittal of an alternative compliance request to demonstrate the Site in this SMA is not contributing to the TAL exceedance. However, discussions with EPA indicated it would prefer such Sites be addressed through the Permit renewal process. The process has been delayed and the new Permit was not issued before the deadline for corrective action. While the Site has no history of industrial activities associated with PCBs, the PCBs TAL exceedance for this SMA exceeds natural background concentrations, and no developed areas exist within the SMA which could be a source of the TAL exceedance. Therefore, instead of submitting a request for alternative compliance as originally planned, the Permittees certified enhanced controls for the Site in this SMA on August 10, 2015.

Attachment 6, Additional Compliance Status Details for SMAs/Sites in Corrective Action (continued)

SMA	Site List	Additional Compliance Status Details
CHQ-SMA-4.1	33-016	Evaluation of corrective action alternatives following a confirmation sample TAL exceedance led the Permittees to initially select submittal of an alternative compliance request to demonstrate the Site in this SMA is not contributing to the TAL exceedance. However, discussions with EPA indicated it would prefer such Sites be addressed through the Permit renewal process. The process has been delayed and the new Permit was not reissued before the deadline for corrective action (November 1, 2015). Therefore, to maintain compliance with the Permit, the Permittees submitted a request for alternative compliance for the Site in this SMA on May 6, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-4.5	33-011(b)	Evaluation of corrective action alternatives following a confirmation sample TAL exceedance led the Permittees to initially select submittal of an alternative compliance request to demonstrate the Site in this SMA is not contributing to the TAL exceedance. However, discussions with EPA indicated it would prefer such Sites be addressed through the Permit renewal process. The process has been delayed and the new Permit was not reissued before the deadline for corrective action (November 1, 2015). Therefore, to maintain compliance with the Permit, the Permittees submitted a request for Alternative Compliance for the Site in this SMA on May 6, 2015.
CHQ-SMA-6	33-004(j) 33-006(a) 33-007(b) 33-010(c) 33-010(g) 33-010(h) 33-014	The Permittees certified enhanced controls for these Sites on August 10, 2015.